RIGGS CO.

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ged with one of anufacturers of country to dis- est line of Furs wn. These gar- and on display

vember 18,

thereafter. It Scarfs, Muffs, ale it is our aim ents at a much han ordinarily retail stores....

VAIT FOR THIS SALE

FARMERS COLUMN

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE [illegible] Dated this [illegible] of October, 1901. MARY REESLR, JASPER WILLIAMS, Administrators.

WANTED—Everybody to know that [illegible] meal for 15 cents [illegible] restaurant, 151 North Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

MASTER'S SALE. State of Illinois, Macon county, ss. [illegible] A. D. 1901. [illegible] Dated October 28th, A. D. 1901. GEO. A. SENTEL, Master in Chancery. [illegible] Solicitor for Complainant.

WANTED—Carriage painting and trimming. All kinds of vehicles put in first class shape. Fine work a specialty, latest in colors and styles. I can please you. J. L. English, 122 North Church street.

FOR SALE—I am authorized to offer for sale a choice farm belonging to the estate of Amelia L. Kraft, located about seven miles southwest of Decatur [illegible] Geo. W. Kraft.

Ruptured Blood Vessel.

Thursday afternoon, while lifting some boxes at the Springer grocery, John Auer [illegible] a vein in his right leg. The vessel was a pretty good sized one and bled profusely. He was taken to the office of a surgeon where the flow was stopped and later went to his home.

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR. THE DECATUR HERALD. SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. DECATUR, ILL. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1901. NO 56.

TREATY SIGNED

New Agreement Between Hay and Pauncefote is Completed

ENGLISH PAPERS VIEW OF IT

Generally They Consider the Clayton—Bulwer Treaty of Little Advantage

[illegible]ton, Nov. 18. The new Hay-[illegible] treaty was signed today at [illegible] Secretary Hay for the United [illegible] Lord Pauncefote, British am-[illegible] for Great Britain.

[illegible] was no particular ceremony con-[illegible] with the signing of the treaty [illegible] intended to replace the first [illegible] Pauncefote treaty. While the text [illegible] be made public until the senate [illegible] the matter it is understood the [illegible] difference between the new and [illegible] treaty is the withdrawal of [illegible] Britain from a joint guarantee of [illegible] neutrality of the canal leaving the [illegible] States the sole guarantee. Ex-[illegible] of the old provision respecting the [illegible] to fortify the canal leaves that [illegible] by inference optional with the [illegible] States. All commerce of what-[illegible] nationality passing through the ca-[illegible] will fare alike and there will be no [illegible] in rates in favor of Unit-[illegible] States shipping.

LONDON COMMENT.

London, Nov. 18.—Except as afford-[illegible] chance for the opposition the Jour-[illegible] attack on the government and for-[illegible] secretary, Lord Lansdowne, the [illegible] of the new isthmian canal con-[illegible] does not excite strong interest [illegible] Great Britain. It is generally admit-[illegible] that the British have nothing to gain by a retention of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, while they have much to gain by the construction of the canal. The Post congratulates both countries on the completion of the treaty and says it is [illegible] the convention of 1900 has been [illegible] in accordance with American [illegible].

[illegible] Mail fears that signing may not [illegible] forever the troublesome dis-[illegible] and thinks Canada ought to re-[illegible] some equivalent for concessions [illegible] probably have been made.

[illegible] Chronicle says: "Lord Lansdowne [illegible] accepted everything without com-[illegible]. The government has climbed [illegible] from the position deliberately [illegible] and although the disappearance [illegible] Clayton-Bulwer treaty will not [illegible] much regret, many people will sigh [illegible] 'business cabinet' which Lord [illegible] recently suggested."

[illegible] conclusion of the Chronicle char-[illegible] the new treaty as "a full ac-[illegible] by Great Britain of the Mon-[illegible] Doctrine," and says, "It would be [illegible] indeed if the senate should ob-[illegible] to such a onesided bargain."

HANNA DISCOURAGES

Erection of McKinley Monuments Until One at Canton is Finished.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 18.—In an inter-[illegible] today Senator Hanna said he did [illegible] approve the plan to use the surplus [illegible] in the hands of the Grand [illegible] people to erect a bronze statue [illegible] McKinley in Cleveland. He thinks [illegible] local monuments will detract from [illegible] funds necessary for the National [illegible] monument at Canton. Senator Hanna discouraged the erection of monuments [illegible] Cincinnati, Toledo and Columbus on [illegible] same ground.

[illegible] notice," continued Senator Hanna, [illegible] the Washington Monument Arch [illegible] has decided to go ahead with [illegible] project of erecting an arch for Mc-[illegible] in Washington without waiting [illegible] Canton monument. It is un-[illegible] they insist upon getting ahead [illegible] I know I voice the opinions of all [illegible] McKinley's personal friends and ad-[illegible] when I say it is a grave mistake [illegible] so many projects on foot until [illegible] an assured success. We feel the [illegible] of the people of the country [illegible] where his remains are."

HIT 'EM AGAIN.

Board of Equalization Must Show the Judge.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18.—The Chicago [illegible] who seek to evade taxation [illegible] franchises and capital stock re-[illegible] another hard blow tonight when [illegible] Thompson of the Sangamon cir-[illegible] ordered the state board of [illegible] committee to report to him [illegible] the manner in which they have [illegible] the writ of mandamus issued by [illegible] them to assess the fran-[illegible] and capital stock of these corpora-[illegible] 1900. If the federal court en-[illegible] the board from making certain [illegible], they will be between two [illegible] Judge Humphrey's injunction and [illegible] Thompson's mandamus.

Coffee Cooler Defeated

London, Nov. 18.—At the National Sporting club tonight "Jack" O'Brien of Philadelphia defeated Frank Craig, "the Harlem coffee cooler." Craig was disqualified for falling without a blow.

MILLIONS OF YELLOW METAL

Record Breaking Shipment Leaves New York Today.

New York, Nov. 18.—A new high record of gold engagements to Europe at this port was established today when gold to the amount of $7,082,581 was taken from the assay office for shipment in the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which leaves tomorrow. The departure of this big amount of yellow metal marks a change in the attitude of the underwriters of this country. For a long time even with modern and safe ocean-going vessels it was the custom of underwriting companies not to risk more than $1,000,000 in any one "bottom." All gold going out tomorrow will be in the form of bars. The packing of this vast amount of gold was done at the assay office today and was not completed until a late hour. A million dollars of gold to Germany was packed in oblong boxes. The remainder was put into brand new oak kegs, strongly bound with iron hoops and carefully sealed on top and bottom.

WIRELESS COMPANY.

For Transmission of Telegraph and Telephone Messages.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 18.—J. C. Bailey, United States marshal of Colorado, and A. L. New of Denver, were in Pierre to attend the meeting of the stockholders of the Pacific Wireless Telegraph and Telephone company. The meeting was to select directors for the ensuing year, and the list is A. M. Stevenson, J. C. Bailey, A. L. New, General Irving Hale, G. D. Begole, F. H. New of Denver, J. E. Hipple of Pierre, George M. Nix of Lead City, I. M. Humphrey of Rapid City. The company has been establishing stations. The first one connects Catalina Island with Los Angeles and the others being established in the Puget Sound country.

HE USED A RIFLE

James Cramer Despondent On Account of Failure in Love Shoots Himself

HE SAYS IT WAS ACCIDENTAL

Monticello, Nov. 18.—Special.—James Cramer is lying at the point of death at Monticello as the result of a bullet wound in the left lung. He was shot on Sunday with a rifle. The talk here is that Cramer attempted suicide. He now claims that the wound was accidentally inflicted but the people familiar with the case prefer to take the other view of it.

His condition tonight is slightly improved and there is a chance that he may recover from the wound. Cramer is about 23 years of age and has been employed as a farm hand on the farm of a man named Kraft near this city. Sunday morning he went to the barn and later a rifle shot was heard there. Members of the family went to the barn and found Cramer with blood oozing from his side and the rifle close to him.

It is claimed by those familiar with the case that Cramer had been disappointed in love and in a fit of despondency sought to end his own life.

He has been paying court to a young woman by the name of Logan living at Bement, and seems to have been unsuccessful in his suit. Cramer's home is near that town.

TOO WET TO FIGHT

Heavy Rains Cause An Armistice Between Opposing Troops.

Maracaibo, Nov. 18.—Via Willamstad and Haytian cable—In view of the heavy rains in the Cordilleras, an armistice of three weeks between the Venezuelan and Colombian troops on the frontier has been arranged. Cucuta (in Columbia near the Venezuelan frontier) is inundated. The floods caused great destruction and a number of lives have been lost. In some places the railroads from the head of Maracaibo lake to the interior is several yards under water. General Uribe-Uribe has been called to Caracas and has gone to the island of Curacoa on his way there.

National W. C. T. U.

Fort Worth, Texas, Nov. 18.—The fourth day of the session of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union had under consideration this morning the dead of the year; the work among colored people; the work in penal and reformatory institutions and among soldiers and sailors. The afternoon session had for its chief feature a report of a committee on resolutions. These approve the anti-canteen law; denounce licensing the liquor traffic; call upon churches to put into practical use the teachings of Jesus Christ.

State Delegates.

Pierre, Nov. 18.—Governor Herried today appointed as state delegates to the meeting of the National Live Stock association of Chicago, Dec. 8, Alfred Newton of Centreville, J. C. Anderson of Iowa Creek, Eugene Holcomb of Rapid City.

DIE OF LOCK-JAW

Seven Persons Succumb to the Disease As a Result of Vaccination

ALL VACCINATION STOPPED

Coroner's Jury Finds St. Louis Health Department Negligent

Philadelphia, Nov. 18.—Alarm caused by nine cases of tetanus following vaccination in Camden, N. J., has aroused the city officials there to take official action. The board of health decided to request physicians to cease vaccination of persons until an investigation as to the cause of the lock-jaw cases has been made and the board of education rescinded the order of compulsory vaccination of school children. Of nine cases of tetanus so far reported, seven victims have died and the other two are in a dangerous condition.

At Bridgetown, N. J., Miss Hilda Rocap, a well known music teacher, is in a critical condition as a result of vaccination. Miss Rocap a few days ago was vaccinated on one of the limbs. The whole side of her body became paralyzed and she is suffering greatly. A specialist of Philadelphia has been sent for to make an examination.

NEGLIGENT AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Nov. 18.—Coroner Funkhouser today rendered a verdict finding the St. Louis health department negligent in the preparation of diphtheria anti-toxin that caused the death by lockjaw (tetanus) of seven children recently administered for diphtheria. For some time the health department has been making anti-toxin for the use of diphtheria cases. This was distributed among practicing physicians throughout the city free of charge and used in city institutions quite generally. In many cases it is said it saved lives. The serum was obtained from horses that are said to have contracted tetanus and imparted it to the anti-toxin drawn from their bodies.

THREE CASES.

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 18.—Bessie Kessler, aged 9, died today of lockjaw. She had recently been vaccinated. This is the third death from lockjaw here in the past two weeks.

M'KINLEY'S DEATH MASK

One of the Best Ever Made—Sent to Washington.

Buffalo, Nov. 18.—After two months' work the cast from the death mask of President McKinley, taken the morning of his death, was finished today. The mask had been carefully guarded, being kept in a safety deposit vault when not in the hands of Edward LaPauch, an expert mask maker from Hartford, Conn. The mask is the property of the federal government. Next week it will be taken to Washington where for a time it will be shown to the public at the Smithsonian Institute. It was the express order of the government that no photograph of the mask be taken. It is said to be one of the most perfect ever taken of a notable person. The mask differs from those of Napoleon and others in that instead of merely including the face is portrays practically the entire head. The plaster itself weighs twenty-five pounds.

New Electric Line

Waukegan, Ill., Nov. 18.—A deal is on foot for the construction of an electric line from Chicago to Milwaukee. Entrance here was made to secure connections with the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern belt line. Leaving Waukegan the proposed route lies two miles west of the Northwestern road all the way to Milwaukee, Kenosha and Racine not being touched.

K. of P. Endowment Rank

Indianapolis, Nov. 18.—Charles F. S. Neal, president of the Endowment rank of the Knights of Pythias, sent out a statement to the board of control for the quarter ending October 1st. It shows a membership of 50,507, with insurance of $105,150,000. Organized during the quarter, thirty-five sections. Net loss of members during the quarter, 9,804.

Is In Communication.

Washington, Nov. 18.—United States Consul General Dickinson, at Sofia, today indicates that while Miss Stone has not yet been ransomed, there is every reason for feeling reassured as to her future. The dispatch furnished evidence that Dickinson remains in indirect communication with the brigands or their agents.

National Auxiliary

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 18.—The Woman's National auxiliary of the Spanish-American War Veterans' association was organized here tonight by Adjutant General C. Lilley of the latter organization. Mrs. Richard Henry Savage of New York was chosen president general, and Miss Etta Green of Aurora, Ill., was made counselor general.

IOWA OFFICIALS INDICTED.

Grand Jury at Marshalltown Charges Malfeasance in Office.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Nov. 18.—The grand jury after an extended session, reported late this afternoon, returning five indictments against county officials. W. B. Williams and T. C. Shearer, two wealthy men of the county, members of the board of supervisors, were indicted for malfeasance in office in accepting individual mileage books on the Northwestern in lieu of money that should have been paid into the county fund in connection with bringing the county road to grade when the railroad company built the double track in the summer of 1899. Thomas J. Shoemaker, sheriff, and J. W. McPherson, ex-sheriff, were indicted for extortion, charging excessive fees in the expense account in taking prisoners to the penitentiary and patients to the insane asylums. Dr. W. S. Devine and Frank E. Northup, member of the insanity commission, were also indicted for extortion, in overcharging in fees.

THE ODD FELLOWS

Meet at Springfield Today—Forecast of Election.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18.—The grand lodges of Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah convene tomorrow. The following is a forecast of the election of officers: Grand master, John W. Yuntis of Shelbyville; deputy master, Chas. S. Harris of Galesburg; warden candidates, John J. Brown of Vandalia, Colonel Garrett of Murphysboro; J. P. Ellicott of Chicago, and Samuel E. Erickson of Chicago; grand secretary, J. R. Miller; grand treasurer, T. B. Needles.

In the grand encampment the following will probably be elected: Grand patriarch, W. H. Pemberton of Galatia; high priest, Thomas E. Wood of Princeton; senior warden, Christopher Cross of Tuscola; treasurer, William Schuchert of Chester; scribe, H. C. Feltman of Salem; junior warden, Frank J. Heine of Jacksonville; L. A. Williams of Ottawa; A. T. Risley are candidates.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN

For Beef Cattle at the Pittsburg Stock Show.

Pittsburg, Nov. 18.—The stock show closed tonight. At auction of the prize winners and other cattle all price records were broken for beef on the hoof. Chas. Eschers' load of first prize winners sold for 21½ cents per pound, said to be the highest price ever paid for a carload of meat cattle. Among the prizes awarded today were the following sweepstake: $500 for the best load of cattle regardless of breed to Chas. Escher of Botna, Iowa. First premium, $300, for best load of Aberdeen Angus cattle, Charles Escher, Second prize, $200, J. & D. Funk of Bloomington, Ill. Second prize, Herefords, $200, to James Walker of Cottville, Ill. Third, $100, to J. A. Pinnell of Kansas, Ill. First prize, $300, for the best load of shorthorns, J. H. Gable of Westfield, Ill. Third, $160, to L. F. Funk.

TRAVELLING CASE

Suit of Peoria Against Gas Company Will Go to Different Towns.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 18.—City Attorney Mansfield said today the hearing of the Peoria gas case in which Mayor Harrison of Chicago and officials of almost every city in the country are interested, would continue until the middle of next summer. The hearing will be resumed in this city Thursday and evidence will be placed by the gas companies tending to show the cost of making gas. Mansfield will spring a surprise on the company's attorneys, when he will attempt to prove that gas for the city is furnished by one company; that the furnaces of the Peoria Gas Light and Coke company have been taken out and the plant is in reality only in name. The hearing in this case will be taken about the country to twenty-six cities.

B. & O. Earnings.

Baltimore, Nov. 18.—The Baltimore & Ohio annual report shows an increase in gross earnings of $4,331,382.73; increase of operating expenses, $3,218,014.16; increase of net earnings, $1,113,308.57; increase of earnings from freight, $3,580,017.17 and from passengers, $610,089.50; after paying dividends, interest and other charges, there remained an unapplied surplus of $1,808,085.

Cut Print Cloth Price

Fall River, Mass., Nov. 18.—M. C. D. Borden, owner of the Iron Works mills in this city, today dropped the prices of all kinds of prints one and a half cents per yard, except shirting which he dropped one-quarter of a cent. This caused consternation in the trade and it is likely it will be several days before matters become settled. Many cancellations of orders have been reported already.

Granted Leave to File Bill.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The United States supreme court today granted leave to South Dakota to file its bill in the proceedings against the state of North Carolina to recover on bonds of the Western Railroad company guaranteed by North Carolina.

TEN MEET DEATH

Disastrous Wreck on Great Northern Near Blair, Montana

VICTIMS JAPANESE LABORERS

Car in Which They Rode Reduced to Kindling and Consumed By Fire

St. Paul, Nov. 18.—The Globe's Great Falls, Mont., special says: A wreck occurred on the Great Northern near Blair, Mont., 376 miles east of here yesterday morning in which ten men lost their lives and twenty-eight others were seriously injured. An extra freight ran into a work train and it was among these on the latter train that terrible havoc was wrought. Forty-one Japanese laborers were aboard the work train proceeding westward. It was expected to meet a freight at Culbertson, a sharp curve near where the trains met and were running at 25 miles per hour. So great was the force of the impact that freight cars were thrown on top of the work train which was piled high in a mass of wreckage. Almost immediately flames broke out and added horror to the scene. At the time of the accident the Japanese were at breakfast and before they were aware of the impending danger the car was smashed into kindling wood and the dead and dying then burned beneath a heap of wreckage. Of the entire number in the car but three escaped death or injuries. After an hour's work all were accounted for and there were ten dead bodies alongside the track and several so badly injured that it is likely they will die. It was impossible to check the progress of the flames and soon seven work cars and three freight cars were in ashes. Word was sent to Glasgow for a relief train and doctors. Nineteen injured were brought to the hospital here and the other nine were left at Havre. Of those brought here all but three will probably recover. Those at Havre are not seriously injured.

FILIPINO BARBARITY

Wholesale Massacre of Spanish Prisoners Ordered.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Records of a score or more of court martial trials of Filipinos charged with murder and other crimes, have been received at the war department from the Philippines. Probably the most interesting case is that of Francisco Braganza, a major in the insurgent army, who ordered the massacre of 103 Spanish prisoners in February, 1900, and who is now sentenced to death for the crime. General Chaffee made an unusually long review of this case, characterizing the wholesale destruction of life as "the most barbarous and revolting massacre of helpless prisoners known in modern history of war." He calls attention to the facts that the chiefs of the insurrection did their utmost to prevent the United States from fulfilling its obligation to employ its best efforts to return the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos to Spain, and it was upon the approach of a detachment of American troops that this Filipino officer ordered the massacre of helpless Spaniards in his charge. "In what manner this cruel policy could serve the cause of the insurrection," says General Chaffee, "passes ordinary comprehension." The reports give full details of the horrors of the killings.

SOME IMMEDIATE CHANGES.

In Convict Labor System Promised By Governor Yates.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18.—A convict labor conference was held with Governor Yates this afternoon. Representatives of labor organizations and the Illinois Manufacturers' association, commissioners and wardens of various state penitentiaries being present. At the conclusion of the conference the governor said some minor evils complained of can be remedied at once and will be, but legislation is required to get at the root of the convict labor evil.

HAVEMEYER SAYS

Sugar Will Be Duty Free and Sell at Three Cents Per Pound.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—"Congress will remove the duty on raw sugar within a year and the refined product will sell at 3 cents a pound," said W. A. Havemeyer, the Chicago representative of the American Sugar Refining company, today, discussing the reciprocity convention which meets in Washington tomorrow. He said this action by congress is inevitable.

False Report.

Monday there was a rumor on the streets that Mrs. Ole Johnson was dead. She had been seriously ill but late last night the report from relatives was that her condition was somewhat improved.

Football

Columbia, Mo., Nov. 18.—Haskell, 10; Missouri State university, 0.

YEAR'S RECORDS

Of Amateur Athletes Accepted By the Committee.

New York, Nov. 18.—The Amateur Athletic nion of the United Stars today elected officers, with E. E. Babb as president. The following records were accepted by the committee:

Throwing Hammer—16 pound, 171 feet 9 inches; John Flanagan, Celtic park, Long Island city, Sept. 3, 1901.

Throwing Discus—120 feet 7 3-4 inches; M. J. Sheridan, Paterson, N. J., Sept. 14, 1901.

THROWING WEIGHTS.

56-pound weight, 38 feet 9 1-2 inches; John Flanagan, Long Island city, Oct. 20, 1901.

Hurdle racing—45 yards, four hurdles, 2 feet 6 inches high, 5 4-5 seconds; F. B. Scheuber, Boston, Feb. 10, 1901.

45 yards—3 hurdles, 2 feet 6 inches high, 5 3-5 seconds; Scheuber, Boston, March 16, 1901.

400 yards—Ten hurdles, 2 feet 6 inches high, 56 1-5 seconds; H. Arnold, Buffalo, Sept. 7, 1901.

RUNNING.

57 yards—Six seconds; Arthur Kent, New York city, Feb. 4, 1901.

60 yards—6 2-5 seconds; W. D. Eaton, Buffalo, Sept. 6, 1901.

60 yards—6 2-5 seconds; Washington Delgado, New York city, Feb. 4, 1901.

100 yards—A. Duffy, 9 4-5 seconds, Louisville, Oct. 5, 1901.

110 yards—W. D. Eaton, 11 2-5 seconds, Buffalo, Sept. 7, 1901.

JUMPING.

Standing high jump—5 feet 5 1-4 inches; Ray C. Ewry, Buffalo, Sept. 7, 1901.

Three standing jumps—35 feet 7 1-4 inches; Ewry, Buffalo, Sept. 6, 1901.

Rope climbing—25 feet, 6 2-5 seconds; E. Kunath, New York city, Sept. 1, 1901.

SWIMMING.

20 yards—Bath, straightaway, feet and knees tied, 12 seconds; J. A. Ruddy, Chicago, March 8, 1901.

220 yards—Straightaway, still water, 2:50 4-5; E. Carroll Schaefer, Buffalo, July 8, 1901.

440 yards—One turn, still water, 6:20; Schaeffer, Buffalo, July 9, 1901.

880 yards—Two turns, still water, 10:37 4-5; Otto Wahle, Buffalo, N. Y., July 9, 1901.

1100 yards—Four turns, still water, 17:50 4-5; Wahle, Buffalo, July 9, 1901.

1540 yards—Six turns, still water, 25:24; Wahle, Buffalo, July 9, 1901.

1760 yards—One mile, three turns, against and with current, salt water, 28:31 4-5; Howard F. Brewer, San Diego, Cal., Sept. 10, 1901.

RICH FIND OF ORE.

Big Strike Has Been Made On the Mesaba Range.

St. Paul, Nov. 18.—J. R. Waller at the Capitol today presented State Auditor Dunn with some samples of Bessemer iron ore taken from section 80, about four and a half miles northeast of Virginia on the Mesaba range. Waller, who is a baggageman in the employ of a Milwaukee road at the Minneapolis depot, in company with C. H. Nicholls, farmer of Burt, Iowa, and H. C. Nicholls, stenographer of Minneapolis, took out a lease from the state on 320 acres of this land August 20th and began prospecting. Last week they struck a bed of bessemer ore. They have penetrated to a depth of 17 feet and the ore constantly grows better. There is every indication that it is one of the best finds ever made on the range. Experts estimate that if the vein is 20 feet deep and 400 feet wide, it will contain not less than ten million tons of ore. The discoverers will take out an ore contract with the state, as the mine is located on school land. The contract provides that the state shall receive 25 cents royalty on every ton of ore mined and if the estimate of experts holds good the state will eventually be richer by $2,500,000.

FROM LIVING TOMB.

Fritz Moulter Rescued From the Baby Mine.

Pocahontas, Va., Nov. 18.—Fritz Moulter was rescued from the Baby mine today. He was living but it required six hours' work of physicians to restore him to consciousness. Moulter says all within the mine Thursday night commented on the heaviness of the atmosphere and a number of men left work ahead of him. He soon found danger was imminent and with several others started running from the drift. A heavy report which shook the mountain was heard. An instant later a huge cloud of smoke and flame was seen coming. He lost sight of his companions, but turned into a side room as quickly as possible and was shut in by the falling slate. Probably two days elapsed before he succumbed to the foul air.

Doubt the Story.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Army officials wholly discredit the published story of a reported conspiracy to secure the independence of Alaska. The only report made by General Randall to the war department from his headquarters at Vancouver, touching Alaskan affairs, related to the transfer of a couple of engineers from Valdes to Fort Egbert. A cynical suggestion is thrown out at the department that the story was devised to secure the return of soldiers to Alaska.

THE BONINE TRIAL

Will Begin at National Capital Today and Will Be Sensational

WOMAN IS THE DEFENDANT

Charged With the Murder of Young Pension Clerk Last Spring

Washington, Nov. 18.—Tomorrow at 10 o'clock, before Judge Thomas M. Anderson, in the criminal court No. 1, District of Columbia, will begin the trial of Mrs. Lola Ida Henry Bonine, under indictment for the murder of James Seymour Ayres, Jr., in the Kenmore hotel in this city, on the night of May 15 last. The case attracted widespread interest at the time of the tragedy, largely on account of the mystery which shrouded the death of the young man, and this interest was augmented while the coroner's inquiry was in progress by the dramatic confession of Mrs. Bonine of her part in the tragedy. She told her story to the district attorney and local detectives, saying she had been the person in the room when Ayres was shot and he was killed in a struggle with her over the possession of the revolver with which he was trying to frighten her into a compliance with improper demands on his part. She has been in jail under arrest since then. Mrs. Bonine has asked that about a dozen seats within the railing be reserved for her friends. She will be accompanied to the court room by her husband and two sons, by her sister, Mrs. Meacham, who has come from her home in Missouri for the purpose of being present, and by one or two women friends. It is also expected later in the trial, her brother, Grant Henry, and sister, Miss Pearl Henry, will be present. Seats have also been reserved for five attorneys to represent Mrs. Bonine, although it is not expected all of them will be present at any time. District Attorney Asley M. Gould will be assisted in the prosecution by Hugh T. Taggart. Seventy-three witnesses have been summoned on behalf of the government. Thus far no subpoenas have been issued for any witnesses in Mrs. Bonine's behalf.

MISS STONE IS WELL

But She Suffers From Imprisonment and Hard Fare.

Sofia, Nov. 18.—Another letter has been received from Miss Stone. Her health is somewhat affected by continued confinement and hard fare, but she expresses herself as still confident of ultimate release. Letters to Dickinson, the diplomatic agent of the United States at Sofia, replying to his proposals concerning the ransom says the brigands will hold out for a figure very much above the sum at Dickinson's command. The brigands interpret Dickinson's not having fixed on the sum he is willing to pay and on a time limit as being indication that he can get more money. They also demand immunity from prosecution. But it is impossible for a diplomatic agent of the United States here to have the power to bind the governments of Bulgaria and Turkey. This point, however, is not likely to be a serious obstacle in the way of negotiations.

BIDDLE BROTHERS REQUEST.

Want Their Execution On Separate Days—Convicted of Murder.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 18.—The counsel for Edward and Thomas Biddle, under sentence of death at Pittsburg, has requested Governor Stone to fix separate days for their execution. The Biddles, who are brothers, do not want to be hanged from the same scaffold at the same time. The day of their execution has not yet been fixed. The Biddles together with Walter Dorman were convicted of the murder of Thomas Kahaney, while attempting to burglarize his home at Pittsburg. Dorman turned state's evidence and may escape the gallows. He has not been sentenced yet. When the officers went to Ed Biddle's room to arrest him he made a desperate resistance. During the fight Detective J. P. Fitzgerald was shot and killed.

Russian Gusher.

Baku, Russia, Nov. 18.—An oil well on the ground rented from the crown by the Baku Naptha company has started gushing at the rate of a million poods daily. Work has been stopped owing to fear of a conflagration.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Illinois—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light to fresh northerly winds.

LOCAL WEATHER.

The following is a record of the temperature for the twenty-four hours ending Monday evening at 7 o'clock as reported by Prof. J. H. Coonradt, government observer:

7 a. m. ....20 Highest........42
Noon..........39 Lowest........36
7 p. m..........35

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE NEW ANNA B. MILLIKIN HOME

About Thanksgiving day the new Anna B. Millikin home for aged women and children will be thrown open for public inspection, and then those of Decatur's citizens who have not previously been sufficiently interested to examine the handsome building will find a big surprise in store for them. It is going to be an abode of comfort for aged and infirm women, left helpless in the declining years of their life, unfitted by the weight of years to battle for their right to live. The completion of this building, erected at a cost of about $30,000 consummates a plan conceived by Mrs. Jas. Millikin some ten or twelve years ago, and will ever stand as a reminder to the people of this city of the kindly spirit and thoughtfulness of one who, being more fortunately situated than the vast majority, unselfishly thought of the good that her means might do for those whose sun of life was setting in the shadows of loneliness and poverty. In the beginning the two story frame house at the corner of Sangamon and Jasper streets was donated, where the work of caring for aged women and helpless children has since been carried on. The family gradually increased, more room was needed, and this led to the erection of the building just now being completed. Mr. and Mrs. Millikin offered the plat of ground for the home, Mr. Millikin giving $10,000, provided the ladies would raise $10,000 more. This subscription was afterwards increased by a donation of $5000 from Mrs. Millikin. In the furtherance of this work many noble, self-sacrificing women of the city have given of their means and time, and today all who have in any way been connected with the undertaking may look with pride upon the results of their efforts. But the finishing of the building is to be the commencement of the real work. The home for the aged means the beginning of days of earnest, conscientious work in order that the full fruition of the undertaking may be realized. It yet remains for those interested to make happy and comfortable the waning days of those who are to find a refuge in the home.

Children, of course, will be taken in as has always been the plan. With such surroundings as will be provided there seems no earthly reason why any aged woman deprived of her natural support should not find rest and happiness in this splendidly appointed building.

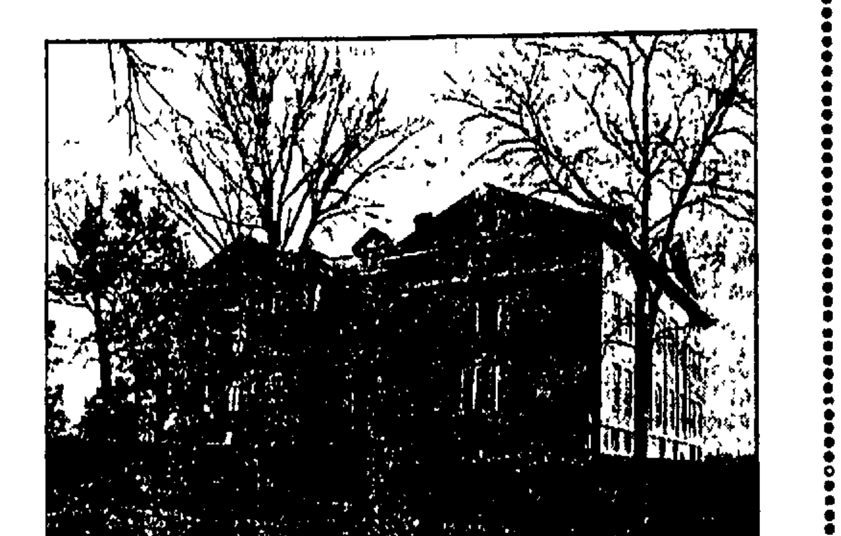
THE LOCATION.

The new home stands on a plat of ground lying between Oakland park on the west and the Wabash railroad on the east. It is but a short distance north of the entrance to Oakland park, and occupies a high point, surrounded by forest trees, and overlooking the pretty grove in the old park. It is a most charming spot in summer time, removed from the noise and dirt and bustle of the city.

THE BUILDING.

The building is of brick, three stories and basement. The exterior is rather plain, the red brick being relieved by white stone trimmings. It has a solid substantial look, and is such a building as will endure for years. The interior is fitted with every convenience necessary to an institution of this character, and the ladies who have overlooked the work did not fail to provide numerous little comforts in the way of fireplaces and mantels, which will give to the place the cheerful aspect of a home.

The basement extends under the entire building. It is high and has been provided with a cement floor. It is divided into numerous rooms but each of them will be utilized for a purpose. The boiler room is located about the center, with fuel rooms, store rooms, kitchen, serving pantry, pantry for kitchen utensils, vegetable room, big laundry, a still larger room where clothes may be quickly dried, a cold storage room, etc. These are all easy of access. The two biggest rooms in the basement are designed for children's play rooms. There are two of these, both in the south side of the building. One is for the boys and the other is for the girls. They will furnish ample room for the little folks to romp and exercise in on inclement days. The basement has an inside and outside entrance with convenient arrangements for receiving fuel and other supplies to be kept there. From the kitchen to the serving room above there is a large dumb waiter for the elevation of the food.



THE NEW HOME

The entrance to the first floor is from the west by means of stone steps. The door opens into a vestibule, from this you enter a reception hall of generous dimensions and immediately back of it is a sitting room corridor from which the principal stairway ascends to the rooms above. In this corridor there is a fireplace and above it will be placed a large mantel. North of the reception hall is the assembly room and connected to it by very large folding doors is the dining room so that practically there is one immense room covering a large portion of the north wing of the building. Back of the dining room is the serving room and smaller rooms necessary for the preparation of the meals for the table. In the southwest part of the building is a large, airy, well lighted room for the matron's use, and in this portion of the building is the bath room.

Between the matron's room and the front entrance is the library, a large room facing the west. It is hoped some day to have a fine library for the home and here is afforded an excellent opportunity for some person to have a part in this enterprise. An endowment for library purposes would be very acceptable, but in the meantime the donation of books suitable for such an institution would temporarily supply the want.

The south part of the lower floor constitutes one of the wards for the inmates. These are cosy rooms. They are not large but each is well lighted and well ventilated. They are designed strictly as sleeping rooms, the inmates being expected to occupy them only at night.

In the north wing of the second floor is situated the girls' dormitory, and connected with it is a room for the assistant who will have immediate care of the girls. Between the north and south wings of the buildings are a number of somewhat larger rooms than those in the regular wards which are designed for the use of the inmates. There is likewise a big linen closet and a bath room. In the southeast portion there is another ward similar in arrangement and design to those in the ward below.

The third floor is not to be finished at present, but with the growth of the institution will be utilized to accommodate the increase in patronage which will come with the growth of the city. In the north wing is a big dormitory for the girls, with attendants' room and in the south wing is a dormitory of equal size for the boys. There is another large room which will be used for storage or for any other purpose that may be necessary.

IN GENERAL.

The necessity of a sanitary building has been kept constantly in sight. The plumbing throughout is of the best. The hallways are roomy and on each floor is a lavatory and bath room. From the top floor to the basement there is a clothes chute through which soiled linen is dropped to the laundry room below. The building is steam heated and electric lighted.

In the furnishing of the rooms nothing but iron beds will be used. A number of the rooms will be furnised by individuals as memorials, and, in fact, any one can do this if they care to, the only requirement being that an iron bed shall be supplied. Beyond this exaction the person desiring to furnish a room may use his own pleasure. Four rooms have already been spoken for as memorials.

It is the plan to remove the inmates of the present home to the new building early in the month of December.

CURFEW SPEAKS

In Reply to the Statement Made by City Attorney Walters.

CONSIDERS HIS CASE WEAK

And Says He Was Unfortunate in Attempting to Answer the Charge of Dr. W. F. Crafts.

Editor Herald: I am in a quandary. Other citizens are also. I read the article by Mr. Clement C. Walters in the Saturday Morning Herald in answer to Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts. It seems to me if I understand what the city attorney means that he concedes his case away. Mr. Walters says in speaking of codifying the ordinances of the city: "I LEFT OUT OF IT SEVERAL ORDINANCES WHICH HAD BEEN PASSED SINCE THE FORMER REVISION AND WHICH I WAS SATISFIED WOULD NOT STAND THE TEST OF THE HIGHER COURTS, BUT WAS CAREFUL NOT TO REPEAL THESE ORDINANCES SO THAT IF ANY ONE WANTED THEM ENFORCED THEY COULD BE ENFORCED JUST THE SAME AS THOUGH THEY WERE IN THE REVISED CODE, PROVIDED THEY WERE LEGAL. THE CURFEW ORDINANCE WAS ONE OF THEM."

This is a startling admission coming as it does from the law department of the city of Decatur. The council is the legislative body and it enacts laws. The mayor examines them with the aid and counsel of the city attorney. Should the council pass a law which in the opinion of the city attorney is not "legal" the mayor should veto it. When the signature of the mayor is attached the ordinance becomes a law within the limits of the city. Who shall say that this law is not "legal?" Surely not the one who, under the law and the oath of his office is bound to enforce it.

Mr. Walters, with amazing frankness, says that in revising the code of laws for the city he leaves out the ones he thinks are not "legal." Not only the curfew ordinance, but others. Suppose Attorney General Hamlin should be instructed by the legislature of Illinois to revise the laws of the state and he should solemnly conclude that certain laws are not "legal" and prepare the revised statutes without them. Laws of the United States passed by congress and signed by the president could, by the same process, be practically annulled. Suppose some one should desire to see some of these laws which are declared to be not "legal" enforced, where would be go to find them? If he took the city code and found it did not contain them how would the common or uncommon citizen find these not "legal" laws. Mr. Walters says that be "was careful not to repeal these ordinances." Will the city attorney kindly advise an anxious public when and where he received the power to repeal laws and ordinances duly passed by the council and approved by the mayor? It has commonly been supposed that the courts, a branch of government co-ordinate with the legislature, was the power to say whether or not laws are "legal." It will therefore be a great convenience to have an intermediate agency capable of passing on the constitutionality of laws. The unfortunate point in the present instance is not merely that the curfew law is not printed in the city code, but that other laws now in force are buried because they were considered not "legal" by the officer who was elected to enforce them. It cost the city of Decatur over $1,000 to have its laws revised and printed. We are now awakened to the fact that this large and indispensable book does not contain all the laws in force. It becomes necessary for any one who would know the law to go to the city records to find laws in full force and operation. Mr. Walters was very unfortunate in attempting to answer Dr. Crafts.

CURFEW.

Evened Up With Croker.

John C. Sheehan has told his friends that he was through with politics for several years to come except as a plain private in the ranks, and that the Greater New York democracy would have to choose a new leader. The announcement caused surprise among anti-Tammany democrats, who thought Mr. Sheehan would continue at the head of the Greater New York democracy. When Mr. Sheehan was seen at his office he confirmed the report he was going to get out of active politics.

"I have been on Croker's heels for the last four years," said he, "and now that he is down and out I shall not continue the fight against him. I never would have begun it at all if Croker had been honest with me. He headed a conspiracy against me, and drove me out of Tammany Hall. I then said I would keep at him until he was a political derelict, and I've kept my word. I would have kept at him for ten years longer if we had not downed him this year. He'll not again be a successful leader of Tammany Hall, and I doubt whether Tammany will regain power in this city so long as it is in the hands of its present corrupt leaders."

Mr. Sheehan for the next few years will give his attention almost entirely to business affairs. William Hepburn Russell is likely to succeed him as leader of the Greater New York democracy.

How They Managed Her.

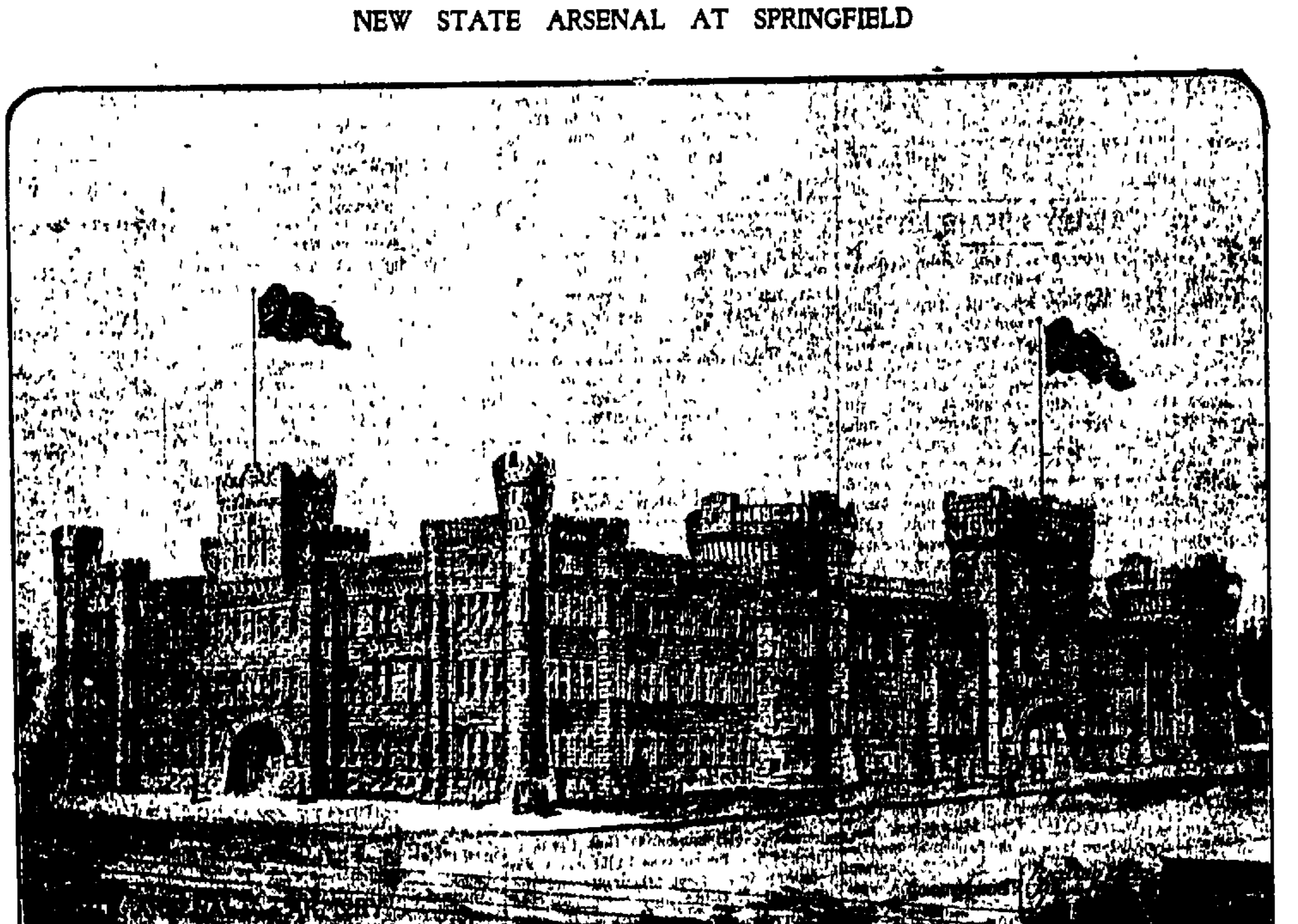
A group of club women were planning the program for a conference divided into several sessions, and the question under discussion was where to place a persistent, insistent member who had succeeded in being allotted time, but was going to talk on a hobby that was uninteresting to four-fifths of the other women concerned in the meeting. "Let us give her the last hour of the afternoon—the 'going away hour,'" suggested one of the group. "Then those who do not care to listen will not miss any of the remainder of the program if they slip away." "I think a better time would be to give the hour just after the luncheon recess," was the comment of another of the group. "That is 'coming in hour,' and then those who do not want to listen need not come in." It was put to a vote and the last speaker's suggestion was adopted.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Mathematics.

"If there were a hundred chickens in a coop," said the teacher, who was trying to fasten the attention of her class of colored children, "and two were missing one morning, how many would you have?"

"Well," answered Pickaninny Jim, "if de chickens was mius in de fus' place, I'd have ninety-eight, an' if dey wasn't, I reckon I'd have two."—Washington Star.

NEW STATE ARSENAL AT SPRINGFIELD



The above is a picture of the new state arsenal as designed by S. A. Bullard of Springfield and accepted by the arsenal committee. The building, which is to be of stone, will be three stories high. It was described at length in The Herald of Wednesday, Nov. 13. The last legislature appropriated the sum of $150,000 for this structure. The extreme dimensions are 160 feet, exclusive of the towers by 320 feet. It is a massive building, one of the finest in the state, and the citizens of Springfield have cause to congratulate themselves on securing its location in that city. The building will front on Monroe street, with entrances on Second and Adams streets. The main floor will have a seating capacity of ten thousand persons. It will be provided with a movable stage and in addition to its primary purpose as an arsenal promises to be a most desirable place for conventions and state gatherings.

HOW HE SUFFERED

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COSTS WILL BE ABOUT $200

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One of the attorneys who heard the reading of the verdict remarked, "that's discouraging from several standpoints. It's discouraging from a matrimonial standpoint because a fellow don't know but he may get a wife that is worth only a cent. Its discouraging to the man who wants to litigate because the damages are not worth the trouble. Likewise its discouraging to the attorneys who take damage suits on an agreement to take for their pay 25 per cent of the sum recovered. Just how they will manage to divide that one cent I don't understand."

The jury retired about 5 o'clock Friday evening and came into court Saturday morning between 9 and 10 o'clock. So far as Hight is concerned the case will stand. Saturday he instructed Circuit Clerk Allen to make up the bill of costs. The circuit clerk estimates that the costs will amount to about $200. That sum the defendant will pay. The verdict was a compromise.

The receiving of that verdict was the only business of the day, but three other motions being entered, and the court then adjourned until Monday.

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Mrs. Tattler: "I'd have you know I weigh my words."

Mr. Tattler: "It must keep you awfully busy."—Yonkers Statesman.

Only Twelve Knew the Song.

Only twelve out of the 400 enlisted force on the receiving ship Richmond, at the League Island navy yard, ordered to learn the words of the "Star Spangled Banner" gave evidence recently that they knew the song.

Capt. Leary of the Richmond, sent forth the order a few weeks ago that no leaves of absence ashore would be granted unless the men showed that they knew the words of the national anthem.

To ascertain how many of the sailors and landsmen realy had memorized the song Captain Leary decided to hold a test examination. In the morning after the men had been lined up at roll call, Chaplain Morrison requested all those who knew the words to step forward. To the surprise and dismay of the officers only twelve stepped out from the ranks. To relieve the nervous tension and merriment the lieutenant in charge immediately gave the order to "air beds."

Some of the sailors say that while the captain has authority to compel them to learn rules of ordnance, he has no right to order them to learn "The Star Spangled Banner. As a large majority of the men who crave leave of absence declare they will not learn the song, the situation promises interesting developments.—Philadelphia Press.

His Little Game.

An Irishman took a contract to dig a public well. When he had dug about twenty-five feet down he came one morning and found it caved in—filled nearly to the top. Pat looked cautiously round and saw that no one was near; then took off his hat and coat and hung them on the windlass, crawled into some bushes and waited events.

In a short time the citizens discovered that the well had caved in, and, seeing Pat's hat and coat on the windlass, they supposed he was at the bottom of the excavation.

Only a few hours of brisk digging cleared the lose earth from the well. Just as the eager citizens had reached the bottom, and were wondering where the body was, Pat came walking out of the bushes and good-naturedly thanked them for relieving him of a sorry job.

Some of the tired diggers were disgusted, but the joke was too good to allow of anything more than a hearty laugh, which soon followed.—Tit-Bits.

Tess: "Did he really propose to you?"

Jess: "Yes, and it actually made me shiver."

Tess: "Why so?"

Jess: "He asked me if I 'Would care to share his lot;' and he looked so funeral I thought he referred to one in a cemetery."—Philadelphia Press.

A girl who had been very clever at college came home the other day and said to her mother:

"Mother, I've graduated: but now I must inform myself in psychology; philology, bibli—"

"Just wait a minute," said her mother. "I have arranged for you a thorough course in roastology, boilology, stitchology, darnology, patchology, and general domesticology. Now, put on your apron and pluck that chicken."

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.
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HOME

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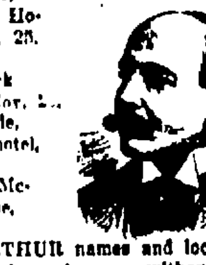
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Suite 305 Powers Bldg.

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A WILL PROBATED

W. T. Moffett Makes Small Bequests to Two of His Daughters.

ESTATE IN TRUST FOR WIDOW

At Her Death the Real Estate or It's Proceeds Is To Be Equally Divided Among the Children.

The will of the late W. T. Moffett was admitted to probate in the county court on Friday afternoon. The estate consists of farm lands, the value of which is not given, and personal property valued at $10,000.

The will gives first $300 to a daughter, Leonora Hall, and $220 and the piano and the homestead to the daughter, Elizabeth M. Rugh. The testator explains that he makes these special bequests in order to even up the division he has already made among his children, these daughters having failed to receive quite as much as the others.

The balance of the estate is given in trust to W. D. Moffett for Helen L. Moffett, widow of the testator, and is to be held for her use and benefit during her life time. She is to be the sole judge of the amount necessary for her maintenance and the trustee is instructed to pay her what she demands. At the death of the widow the real estate is to be equally divided among the children, if they can agree to a division, and if they can not agree it shall be sold and the proceeds equally divided among them. The share of Elizabeth M. Rugh, however, shall be held in trust by William D. Moffett until the youngest child of Mrs. Rugh shall attain legal age.

Edward R. Moffett is named as executor and he gave an approved bond in the sum of $20,000.

The testator instructs the executor that when legal advice in relation to the business of the estate is necessary, his son, John B. Moffett of Decatur, shall be consulted.

LEONIDS ARE FALLING.

Night Workers Witnessed a Pretty Display in Early Hours of Morning.

The Leonids are falling, but we have not had a shower yet. The telegraph told in the Herald of yesterday of the eastern astronomers having witnessed the display. Persons whose occupation keeps them up all night in Decatur reported yesterday that they saw the shooting stars between 3 and 4 o'clock. They don't know whether they were the Leonids or not, but we do know that there was an unusually large number of what are commonly called shooting stars. They could be seen in all parts of the heavens and were especially prominent in the west and northwest. As many as two or three were seen at a time, and one man says that he counted no less than six in the space of as many minutes, although he was not out on a star gazing expedition.

On Cache River.

A letter has been received from the Joe Michl hunting party, stating that they arrived safely at their destination on the Cache river. They were just going into camp when the letter was written. The weather was fine and prospects were excellent for game. The members of the party were somewhat chagrined at their failure to get Commodore Hall through on excursion rates. They had figured on a reduction owing to "Shorty's" abbreviated stature, but the "con" would not stand for it and they had to pay full fare.

Niggerhead Fell.

Theodore Smith and Bob Sweeney, miners employed at the Decatur shaft, narrowly escaped serious injury Friday while at work. A large "niggerhead" fell from the roof of their room, passing between them. It struck Smith on the arm and shoulder and Sweeney on the leg. At first it was thought the men had been seriously injured. Smith was taken home in Bullard's ambulance. Sweeney was able to go to his home in a buggy. Smith sustained a number of bruises, while Sweeney's injuries were slight.

Corn Picker and Husker.

John Craig is probably the first farmer in Piatt county to own a corn picker and husker, which arrived this week and can be seen at work in his corn field. The corn picker and husker takes one row of corn at a time, picks up the stalks, husks the ears and deposits them in the wagon. The machine with three men will husk ten acres of corn per day and do good work.—Bement Register.

Small Fire at Bement.

Two small frame buildings, owned by Moore & Sprague at Bement, burned early Friday morning. W. R. Bradley occupied one as a harness shop and the other was used as a restaurant. The loss is estimated at about $800. There was small insurance on the stocks but none on the buildings.

Fair Yield

Aaron Cole, who was one of the Cerro Gordo excursionists in Decatur Friday, says that he has finished husking his corn and that the crop yielded about thirty bushels per acre.

Births.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Con Doherty, at their home, 143 West Packard street, Thursday, Nov. 14, a son.

When a woman begins to admire a man, she begins to persecute him.

JURY HAS IT NOW

Decision in the Bullington-Hight Case Has Not Yet Been Reached.

JURY RETIRED LAST EVENING

Drift of the Testimony Heard the Last Day—Mrs. Bullington Says That Cruelty Did It.

Goo-goo eyes are expensive possibilities. That is if one may judge by the serious consideration the jury in the Bullington-Hight damage suit is giving to the evidence they have heard during the last three or four days while that case was on trial. The jury retired last evening at 5 o'clock and last night at 11 o'clock there was no sign of any agreement. When the chosen twelve retired to consider the evidence the general impression in the court room was that they would come back with a verdict in less than an hour. But they didn't. After they had been out several hours almost any verdict would not have been a surprise. The men who are considering this case are Emil Bethauesser, W. L. Smith, T. A. Gooch, Walter Black, J. E. March, Henry Metz, Cloyd Gates, William Schaffer, Frank P. Bentz, A. W. Evans and George Farrin. The case went to the jury with little argument. M. C. Griffin spoke for thirty minutes in behalf of the plaintiff, the defense declined to argue, and that ended the matter.

The cross-examination of Hight was concluded during the forenoon. He denied the statement made by witness Friend for the plaintiff to the effect that one day during June or July, while he was in the corn field, he had seen Hight and Mrs. Bullington standing in the yard and that "it looked as though Hight had his left arm around Mrs. Bullington."

Mrs. Bullington was on the stand for nearly three hours. She related that about a year after their marriage she and Bullington began to have quarrels. They arose partly from the fact that Bullington was unreasonably jealous and because he was impatient. He would get into a rage if his breakfast was late and she said that he had beaten her a number of times. He accused her of being unfaithful a number of times before they met Hight. She too denied the statement made by Friend that Hight had his arm around her. She had never consulted with Hight about her domestic difficulties and he had not volunteered any advice. There was never anything improper in their relations. A letter Mrs. Bullington had written to her father, advising him of her intention to leave Bullington, was offered in evidence. The witness admitted that her father and Bullington were not on good terms. She related that her father and Bullington had a fight at Durbin's house one day and Bullington picked up a pitchfork and threatened the old man, who took the pitchfork away and got a shotgun and drove Bullington from the place. Two weeks later a haystack on Durbin's place was destroyed by fire and the owner accused Bullington of setting fire to the stack and compelled him to give a note for the value of the hay. She left Bullington, she said, because of his cruel treatment.

LAW.

Mary G. Thompson vs. James Allison; mandamus. Motion to set aside default.

Robert L. Bullington vs. Clyde Hight; case. Jury retired.

WILL GO HIGHER

Dealers Looking For An Advance in the Price of Potatoes—Pumpkins Scarce.

The retail markets are not prolific with surprises this week. The dealers are offering about the same line of goods that have prevailed during the past month or six weeks, only a little more curtailed. The variety is getting down to the winter schedule and dealers experience some difficulty in getting fresh vegetables.

Irish potatoes are selling at 85 and 90 cents a bushel. It is expected that they will go higher. Nearly all the grocerymen put in a big supply when the market broke a few weeks ago. That break was due to the fact that growers hurried their stock to market to get the benefit of the raise. This stock was not fit for keeping over winter. Now that the matured and assorted stock is coming into market it is expected that there will be a raise in the prices. The government crop report shows that there is a big decrease in the crop throughout the country. Dealers say that the rise in price will be gradual and that in the spring it will not be surprising if potatoes are worth $1.50 a bushel.

Pumpkins are rather a scarce article in the market. Those that are offered are undersized. There is promise of a shortage in the pumpkin pie crop this winter.

A Violent Attack of Croup Cured.

"Last winter an infant child of mine had croup in a violent form," says Elder John W. Rogers, a Christian Evangelist of Filley, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

Two men once started out to achieve fame: one of them succeeded. The other lived.

NO APPARENT CAUSE.

For the Suicide of Charles Bachrach in Chicago.

Word was received in Decatur Friday morning by Henry and Louis Bachrach that their brother, Charles Bachrach, of Chicago, had ended his life by shooting himself through the head. Louis Bachrach left for their last night. The Record-Herald of Tuesday contained the following account of the sad affair:

Charles Bachrach, 3360 Prairie avenue, an old resident of Chicago, committed suicide yesterday forenoon by shooting himself in the head.

The case is one that baffles the family and near friends, for Mr. Bachrach was in excellent health, had no great reason for worrying over finances and seemed to be contented. His home life is said to have been ideal and within half an hour before he committed the act that brought on death he was escorting his wife about the shopping district, laughing and apparently enjoying himself in her company. He left her at one of the large downtown stores and went to the Medinah Temple building to call upon his sons Walter and Sampson. He chatted with them a few minutes and there was no trace of excitement or mental distress.

ELEVATOR MAN HEARS SHOT.

He left somewhat abruptly without his overcoat, though the day was chilly, and walked over to the Monadnock building. Although as far as known Mr. Bachrach had no business to transact in this building nor any acquaintances there, he took an elevator to the seventeenth floor and evidently stepped into a lavatory off the corridor. James Hawley, an elevator operator, heard a revolver shot and found Mr. Bachrach on the floor with a wound in the head and a revolver near the body. Bachrach was barely alive.

An ambulance took the dying man to the Cook county hospital, and as the body was being moved from the wagon the patient breathed his last. His son, B. C. Bachrach, who is a lawyer in the office of W. S. Forrest, arrived at the hospital a few moments after his father died. He, nor anyone in the family, can so much as guess any plausible reason for the father's act. The widow was told yesterday afternoon he had met with a fatal accident, and her despair was so great that the information about the nature of Mr. Bachrach's death has been withheld.

OWNER OF MANY STORES.

Charles Bachrach for many years conducted a line of clothing stores in Illinois, Missouri and Michigan. He had seven in operation at one time and directed a local business, the Imperial clothing store, in Clark street, not far from Jackson. Other stores were in Elgin, Bay City, Mich., and Missouri towns. His early life was spent on the frontier, and he came to Chicago in 1870. He was born in south Germany sixty-one years ago and came to this country at the age of 8. He was married thirty-three years ago and nine children survive him. They are B. C., Sampson, Robert, Walter and Arthur Bachrach of Chicago, Mrs. Jacob Eiseman, Baltimore; Hertha Bachrach, Baltimore; William, in New York city, and Harry in San Francisco. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at the residence. Dr. A. Norden will officiate and the burial will be at Rosehill.

LAST WAS THE BEST.

Trade Excursion From Monticello Brought Big Crowd to City Yesterday.

The last of the series of trade excursions was run to the city yesterday from Monticello and was the biggest and best of them all. Five hundred and twenty-eight passengers came in on the train, arriving before noon and remaining until dark.

Judging wholly by appearances it was a shopping crowd for when the train pulled out last evening each passenger was carrying a bundle of some kind. The managers of these excursions do not know whether they will conduct another series or not. They express themselves as well pleased with the undertaking and say that the merchants who endorsed the scheme are satisfied with the returns.

If people tried as hard to do good as some do to keep up a weak church what a glorious old world this would be!

Hope fits the eyes with telescopic spectacles.

REV. J. L. CLARK

Former Macon County Man Made Assistant to Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman.

SON OF LATE MILTON CLARK

Rev. John Lewis Clark, D. D., a son of the late Milton Clark of this county, is now assistant pastor to Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, Fourth Presbyterian church, West End avenue and Ninety-first street, New York city. Rev. Chapman is the well known evangelist who has visited this city a number of years ago. The appointment of Mr. Clark was made known to the congregation of the church at the services last Sunday when the following pastoral letter from Rev. Chapman was read:

It is my pleasure this morning to present to the members of the church the Rev. John Lewis Clark, D. D., who for the next few months will act as our assistant pastor. Dr. Clark was formerly assistant to Dr. Burrell in the Collegiate church, Twenty-ninth street and Fifth avenue, but more recently pastor of the First Cumberland Presbyterian church of Chicago. He is secretary of the executive committee of the Twentieth century gospel campaign, of which Mr. William Phillips Hall is chairman. He is an old acquaintance and friend of mine, and I consider, not only myself but the members of the church, to be most fortunate in being able to secure him. He comes to us with the most unselfish spirit imaginable, turning aside from a very much larger income than we could possibly grant to him simply because he feels that in this invitation he hears the call of God.

As corresponding secretary of the general assembly's committee on evangelistic work, I shall for the next few weeks be simply flooded with work, in addition to my regular church work. Dr. Clark comes, therefore, at a most opportune time. I have asked him not only to call regularly upon the church members with me, but also to become acquainted with the strangers as they may attend our services from time to time. I can not tell you how glad I am to welcome Dr. Clark as my assistant.

Deeds Recorded.

Lafayette Robinson et al. to Martha E. and Aaron Keller, ten acres in 24, 17, 1 east; $1.

W. Frank Godwin to John W. Redmon, lot 4 in Marcott's subdivision of lot 8 in block 2 of Lake & Co.'s addition to Decatur; $2,000.

Henry Ebert to W. S. Grubbs, the west half of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of 19, 16, 2 east; $500.

Accidentally Shot.

Friday morning, while hunting near Turpin with a number of young men, Charles Coble was accidentally shot by one of them, about twenty-five No. 6 shot lodging in his back, right shoulder and face. Fortunately he was not seriously injured, although some of the shot were so deeply imbedded that they could not be cut out without considerable trouble.

When you feel that life is hardly worth the candle take a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will cleanse your stomach, tone up your liver and regulate your bowels, making you feel like a new man. For sale by all druggists.

Out of Pest House.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosemler were released from the pest house Friday. Mrs. Rosemler, who was afflicted with the smallpox, has completely recovered, so their persons and clothing were thoroughly disinfected and they were allowed to return to their home.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cure biliousness, constipation and headache. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by all druggists.

Sometimes marriage ought to be defined as the art by which two people manage to live together and yet apart.

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EVER SHOWN FOR

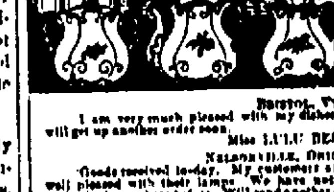
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Write to-day for our handsome illustrated catalogue and see what beautiful premiums we give for selling our Soaps. We give to each purchaser of a box of Soap or bottle of Perfume their choice of some of the handsomest premiums in the market. Lamps, Rockers, Clocks, Glassware, Opalware, Knives, Roasting Pans, Cake Plates and other beautiful premiums. To the agent who sells only 10 boxes of Soap we give a 56-Piece Dinner Set—not a toy set but a beautifully decorated and gold traced, full size for family use. Nice for all. We also give Couches, Rockers, Dining Room Chairs, Center Tables, Lace Curtains, Watches, Knives and Forks, Graniteware, Sewing Machines, Musical Instruments, Etc. If cash is preferred we allow a very liberal commission. We trust you. No money required. We allow you 15 days' time in which to deliver the goods and collect your money before paying us. Don't delay.

READ THE LETTERS from our patrons and be convinced that you are dealing with a thoroughly reliable house.

Barstow, Va. I am very much pleased with my dishes, and will get up another order soon. Miss LULU BESAW.

Nashville, Ohio. Goods received to-day. My customers are all well pleased with their lamps. We have not seen such nice lamps here before. Will send another order in a few days. I am more than pleased with the mandolin. Mrs. AGNES HITCHINGS.

SALVONA SOAP CO., Second & Locust Sts., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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It has again been demonstrated that a prize fight is not as dangerous as football.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is arranging to distribute seeds in the Philippines and our other possessions and it can now safely be assumed that seeds follow the flag if the constitution does not.

Admiral Schley has given the public a hint that he has expended what he considered a competence for his family in the investigation. He may expect his friends to contribute to make up the loss. A good many people have been shouting for the admiral, but he should bear in mind the old Methodist adage that "nothing subdues the shouter like passing the hat."

T. C. Stribbling, one of the most prominent of the Beaumont oil well owners, may be suspected of trying to stampede his competitors. He is reported as saying: "Spindle Top is nothing more nor less than a volcano of oil. This celebrated hill is nothing more than the neck of the great fuel volcanoes of Mexico, which have been burning for hundreds of years. Some of these days there will be the greatest volcanic eruption at Spindle Top that this old world ever saw. The gas that supplies the pressure which forces the oil 200 feet above the derricks circulates fully 2000 miles under the surface of the earth, coming under the gulf from its volcanic origin in the asphaltum beds of Trinidad county. The more wells that are put down the greater the pressure of this gas becomes. Unless safeguard measures are adopted to prevent, all of the wells now on the hill will be blown away bodily some of these fine days."

TRY SOUTH AFRICA.

London has been greatly excited recently on account of the invasion of England by the products of our American manufactories and now it has received another jolt. It has discovered a translation of the New Testament made by some people in Chicago. Of this the London Evening News says: "In Chicago even the master piece of literature is not sacred. Twenty misguided inhabitants have just issued a translation of the New Testament into modern American. Such an atrocity almost makes one sigh for a few hours of the inquisition."

FINANCES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Charles A. Conant has made an exhaustive study of Philippine finances with a view of devising a plan to put the government there upon a stable financial basis. His report will soon be presented to the secretary of war. Few of our people realize the difficulties which have been encountered on account of the system of currency in the Philippines.

The first great fault with the present system developed immediately after the operations of the armies of foreign powers in their march to Pekin to relieve the besieged legations. A great demand was created for the Mexican dollar as a result of the needs of the army and the large export business, which required other countries to furnish Mexican dollars to pay the balance of trade in favor of the Philippines. This gave to the Mexican stamp an artificial value, creating a marked difference of from 2 to 4 per cent between the Mexican dollar and the British silver dollar, although they were of the same weight and fineness. The Taft commission met the condition by issuing an order that the British dollar should be received in payment for all government dues. This led to the expectation of the Mexican dollar and the more general use of the English dollar. As the British dollar was coined free at Bombay, it was brought into the Philippines for the mere cost of transportation and seigniorage, the latter amounting to about 2 per cent.

At the time when the change was proposed the banks at Hong Kong had about $6,000,000 of funds belonging to the Philippine civil government. This was in Mexican dollars, and the Philippine government has been faced with the problem of keeping the Mexican dollar at the value at which it was deposited. There was natural objection to making the British coin the standard of value in the Philippines, but there seemed no other alternative at the time. The Taft commission had concluded that ultimately the United States should establish in the Philippines a gold standard. The work of effecting this change must be deliberate. In the meantime some relief has been granted by temporary expedients. The commission has had much difficulty in maintaining the value of the Mexican dollars and preventing a stringency in the Philippine money market, which would have been full of embarrassment for the island government.

PARTY POLITICS.

There are two great political parties in this country—the republican and the democratic. All other parties amount to nothing in the sense of being able to control power and put in force any principles they may advocate. There are always some good people who work themselves into the belief that the new party with which they affiliate is destined to gain control of the government and destroy one or the other of the old parties, only to be disappointed in the end. Those new political organizations sooner or later either disappear or else the few thousand persons who make up the organization go on year by year voting the ticket and counting for nothing in the living problems of government which are passed upon by the people in the election of congress and presidents. This condition has existed since the organization of the republic and was fully crystallized after the adoption of the constitution. The element known as close constructionists have been designated by several party names. It is now the democratic party. The element characterized as liberal constructionists has acted under several party names. It is now known as the republican party. The former has stood for state sovereignty, the latter for a strong central government which would command the attention and respect of the world. Out of these divisions grew the questions which led to the Mexican and the civil war. Out of these differences of opinion grew the agitation of the slavery question and the tariff question and indirectly the money question slave the civil war and the bank question before and since the war. Washington and Hamilton were the first representatives of the one party division, while Jefferson and Madison were the leaders of the other division. There has been no considerable time since these questions were created by the organization of our plan of government that these two elements have not contended for the mastery at the polls under whatever names they appeared. These are the fundamental questions upon which the republican and democratic parties are based today and upon which they divide. For these reasons third parties amount to nothing and never have succeeded beyond the point of temporary annoyance.

A notable example of the temporary character of new parties is at this time presented by the winding up of the populist party. That party grew out of the so-called farmers' movements ten years ago and succeeded in sweeping a number of our western states, and sending a fair representation to congress. It had at one time almost one-fourth of the United States senate and the balance of power in the house of representatives. It carried several southern states. But that party has vanished and its former adherents will line up with the old parties. There will be no populists in the next congress. Eight men were elected to this congress by a fusion of democrats and populists, but these will all line up with the democratic party. In the senate there is but one fusionist, Harris, who has not expressed a decision. Dubois, Heitfield and Teller will go with the democrats, while Jones and Stewart will go with the republicans. Thus, after ten years of agitation, threats, predictions and expectations, perhaps the strongest third party that has appeared, disappears from the scene and again the people have returned to the old party divisions where they belong. It should be borne in mind that the party name is not the potent factor in maintaining party alignment, but, as before stated, those questions upon which we do not have the same views and which since our first experiment as a nation has caused our division and alignment into two great political parties. The time has not yet come, and will not in the next century, when the way will be open for any new alignment sufficiently strong to seize the control of public affairs.

BIG DEAL.

T. T. Roberts Buys Twelve Hundred Acres of Land Near Mt. Auburn.

Saturday a big farm trade was consummated and T. T. Roberts became the owner of twelve hundred acres of farm land near Mt. Auburn. He purchased the property from Mosel Stafford of this city and the price was $65 per acre, a total of $78,000. The farm is purchased by Mr. Roberts as an investment.

Look for Decatur Market's ad in this issue.

TIGER!

The following verses were received in the mail of the New York Evening Post the day before election:

Ho, all ye men of the city, that love your children and wives!
Come with your guns and your torches, oh, come with your skinning knives!
The morn of a mighty hunting is red in God's clean east;
Roll out like a flood to the place of blood, like a tide to the lair of the beast!
Tiger! Hunt the Tiger.

The Tiger is golden-tawny, and sleek is his striped skin;
He has washed the stain and the slaver from the silvery frill of his chin;
Regard not his evil beauty, nor shrink at his snarling yell;
From the pit of death is the reek of his breath, and his eyes are coals of hell!
Tiger! Hunt the Tiger.

The weak ewe-lambs he has stolen, and the lean kine of the poor;
He has given us law with the crunch of his jaw, in the lust of his heart secure;
He is fat with the bodies of women, he is fat with the honor of men,
And the bones of the little children are white in the dark of his den.
Tiger! Hunt the Tiger.

Come every man but the coward, or the slave that is chained to Sin,
Make one in the mighty hunting, and one in the bringing in;
And when the day of the doom of God red in the west has died,
Ye shall nail to the gates of the city the pride of his painted hide.
Tiger! Hunt the Tiger.

MANLY AND PRAISEWORTY.

The Chicago Chronicle is an out-and-out democratic newspaper. In 1896 it supported General Palmer for president, but in 1900 no Bryan man could with reason find fault with its support of the party candidates. It holds tenaciously to certain beliefs to which the democratic party adhered years ago when Mr. Cleveland was elected, and it makes war continually upon republican policies. In its comments, however, upon topics which should not be treated as partisan the Chronicle is always frank. Consequently it treats the refusal of Governor Durbin to honor the requisitions of the governor of Kentucky as an act outside of politics, as follows:

Governor Durbin says he exercises the discretionary power of refusal "to the end that the purposes of persecution, which seem to be the conspicuous feature of this prosecution may not force these men (referring to ex-Governor Taylor and Charles Finley) before a court partisan to the very extreme of vindictiveness and a jury organized for conviction in its personnel and impanelment."

These are severe words, but he would be a careless reader of contemporary events in the bluegrass state who would say they are not justified. The orderly processes of law are the foundation stones of our form of government, and if these indicted men had prospect of fair trial neither Governor Mount nor Governor Durbin could make just excuse in refusing extradition papers.

That the reverse is unfortunately true most fair-minded men, regardless of party affiliations, believe. At least, Governor Durbin has so convinced himself, and, acting on such belief, his course is manly and praiseworthy.

There is good reason to believe that "most fair-minded men, regardless of party affiliations," who have followed the proceedings of Judge Cantrill's court throughout the last trial of Powers must concede that Governor Durbin had more reasons upon which to base his decision than had the late Governor Mount, because of the additional outrages which characterized the last trial.

INDICTED.

The detectives, Ed Salyers and Henry Dalnbar, who operated in this city some days ago at the instance of the citizens' committee, have been at work in Paris and as a result have been indicted by the grand jury. While they were operating in this city it is said they sat in several games in the gambling houses and went before the grand jury and gave testimony against the gamblers. They pursued the same course in Paris, except that they testified against certain gamblers with whom they had played poker and this information coming before the grand jury resulted in their indictment. They were released on their own recognizance by the circuit judge. They claim immunity from punishment on the ground that their participation in the game was without criminal intent. This is undoubtedly true. But it has been said that they play a good game and are mighty interesting in that sort of a contest. Of course the chances are they will not be prosecuted, but if they are prosecuted there seems no way for their escape from punishment. Gambling as defined by the law is gambling, whether it is indulged in in the homes of the 400 or in a regular gaming house, and whether a gambler, a detective, or a deacon engages in it. The statutes define adultery as well as gaming and provides certain penalties. A person as a detective could not become a party to an act of adultery for the purpose of securing evidence against another for that crime, and stand exonerated on the ground that his participation in that crime was without criminal intent. This would be carrying the business of detecting crime to a ridiculous extent, which could not be tolerated. It would seem, therefore, that these gentlemen have probably gone too far. It is hardly presumable that there could be conditions which would make it necessary for one seeking evidence against gambling to take part in the game. At least the law does not contemplate such a thing. In the matter of the selling of one's vote, in order to provide for witnesses and open the way for successful prosecution, the law provides for the punishment of the person who sells his vote, but not for the punishment of the person who purchases the vote. Thus, the vote-buyer is made a witness, but there is no such provision in relation to prosecution for gambling.

THE ASSAULT ON LIBERTY.

It is not only discouraging to honest American citizens who have regard for their country, but deplorable, that a certain political party finds it necessary to and perpetuates the election frauds it does to gain or retain power? The Maryland, Kentucky, Mississippi, St. Louis, and Alabama assault upon liberty are cases in point. In Alabama a new constitution, intended to disfranchise thousands of American citizens, has just been submitted to the people for ratification. The schemers, fearful lest the people might reject it, resorted to fraud to carry it. There was a light vote in all the counties, but as a result of the frauds at the polls in the city of Montgomery the majority in favor of the new constitution was twice the total number of votes cast in the city. In some of the other larger cities in the state the frauds are still more extensive while in other cities, probably designated for that purpose by those in control, the returns are held back to meet any emergency that may arise. Such frauds are treasonable. They are no more nor less than an assault upon the very foundation of our government and ought to, and will, injure the party it is intended to benefit. If the party in the ascendency in Illinois, Iowa and other republican states were to enact laws or change the constitution so as to render the opposition powerless to secure their rights and powers as voters the very sky would be split into fragments by the howl about freedom and the constitution which would go up and yet honest men sit idly by and see, and consent to such outrageous conduct in other parts of the country and never raise a protest if they do not really excuse it.

TAKING NO CHANCES.

The recent order by those in command in the Philippines, especially among the hostiles in Samar and some of the other islands, requiring the soldiers to have continually by their side their arms, and cartridge belts on their person, is wise and has already borne fruit. Recently a body of insurrectos sought to surprise some of the troops while at mess, as was done some weeks ago with a detachment of the Ninth infantry, and received a deadly reception, hundreds of the attacking party being killed and wounded, while but one American soldier was wounded. The troops had obeyed the order and had their arms and cartridges at hand. This failure will result in more amigos as the hostile and treacherous natives will soon learn that it is disastrous to attempt such surprises and will refrain from it. The result of this new order means that the disaster to the detachment of the Ninth was largely due to carelessness. There is no reason why the troops among the Filipinos who are known to be treacherous should not at all times, since they have been in the Philippines, been armed and ready for any emergency. The early settlers among the Indians in this county found it necessary to take this precaution when plowing or attending church. Even during the civil war, such precautions, under discreet officers, were never omitted. When in a hostile country small detachments, who were in danger of surprise, always kept their arms with them ready for service. It is the only safe thing for a soldier to do and it is refreshing to know that the time has passed in the Philippines when treacherous natives will longer be tempted by seeing American soldiers separated from their weapons and defenseless against an alert enemy.

AS TO "ENTERTAINING."

Iowa State Register: How many of the southern editors have been entertained by southern "mammies" from whom they drew nourishment during their earliest days and months? Those southern "mammies" were negroes—the southern editors were white babies. Those facts also state "the issue in a nutshell," and they make a conspicuous illustration of the method by which the southern "mammies" entertained the southern white people in comparison with the manner in which President Roosevelt entertained Booker T. Washington at lunch.

DISCOVERED.

Indianapolis Journal: The cattlemen out on the ranches are trying to alarm the country, so that congress will do something for them, by declaring the number of cattle is constantly declining, and that in a few years only the rich can indulge in the luxury of a beefsteak. The decrease of cattle during the past five years, they declare, to have been enormous, due to the contraction of the public grazing lands and the increase in consumption. The remedy is the establishment of small stock farms and the giving of more attention to cattle raising in the older states.

LET FUNSTON BE SAFE!

Savannah (Ga.) News: Fred Funston is coming home. His friends may tremble because of the fact. He is about the only hero of the Spanish war there is left, but it is not to be expected that he will remain a hero long after landing. Somebody will accuse him of cowardice in that he captured Aguinaldo instead of permitting the Filipinos to capture him or because he did not wade that river instead of swimming it. With the fate of Dewey, Schley, Hobson, Shafter and others in mind, Funston would be easily excusable if he masqueraded at San Francisco and sneaked unobserved back to Kansas.

Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio calls attention to the fact that the democrats in that state made their campaign squarely on the proposition to change the existing tariff law, and were overwhelmingly defeated. He concludes that there will be no tariff revision by congress next winter. The conclusion does not follow, though the prediction may be right.

The Baltimore Sun (democratic) declares that Mr. Gorman's election law, designed to disfranchise 'colored illiterates, must be repealed. The change in the law caused the names of the candidates to be so printed that the man who cannot read could not mark his ballot. Nevertheless, the illiterates tried to vote but they did it in such a manner that the election judges quarreled twenty-four hours over the counting. But this law has probably secured its author, ex-Senator Gorman, a seat in the senate.

The surprises of the recent election are not all in but enough is known of the result to at least attract attention. For example a musician has been elected mayor of San Francisco and a coal shoveler has been elected mayor of a New England city. What these things continue to show that in a free country like this a mans' occupation is no bar to his promotion politically by the people.

In 1898 when the democrats of New Jersey went into the fight under the banner of Bryanism, the republican candidate for governor had 5,490 plurality. On Tuesday the republican candidate for governor had 14,000 plurality over his democratic competitor, who stood upon a platform in which the Bryan platform was ignored.

Perhaps it might be just as well to pass up for the present the proposition to establish a department of commerce and manufactures and thus add another member to the cabinet. Commerce and manufactures are private enterprises and the proposition to use them as a basis for another cabinet officer would be a violent departure from present policies.

The democratic New York World remarks: "There was nothing to make this a democratic year." Being interpreted this means that even the poor corn and potato crop did not help that party. It will require a general crop failure to boom that party hereafter.

Up to the present date the Commoner has had not a word to say relative to Croker's defeat. But Mr. Bryan may be excused from such painful reference because just after he endorsed the Goebel election law in Kentucky he went to New York and exclaimed: "Great is Tammany and Croker is its prophet."

The information we receive from the island of Samar indicates that the inhabitants of that island are receiving a lesson from our soldiers they will not soon forget. Uncle Sam can be an ugly fellow to handle when he is waked up through treachery or any other kind of meanness.

The democrats of Ohio made their campaign against protection and "imperialism" and were defeated worse than when they made their campaign on free silver. There are some things that the people regard as more dangerous even than free silver.

The Monroe doctrine is becoming more firmly established in proportion to the strength of the American navy. Several of the nations of Europe, since the Spanish-American war, have discovered the doctrine is really good and proper.

An English earl claims to have discovered a scheme of playing that will break the bank at Monte Carlo. It might have been better had the earl turned his gifts in the direction of perpetual motion.

To say the least it was pathetic to read the appeal of Turkey to England to maintain the integrity of the Turkish empire when John Bull has so much of his own affairs on his hands.

Croker seems to be having some trouble in getting off for England. After the New York election no one supposed there were any weights to him.

Gorman may get back to the senate, but the indications are that his pathway will not all be strewn with roses.

The result of the recent election has increased the causes for thanksgiving.

NEARBY TOWNS.

MOWEAQUA.

Mrs. S. S. Clapper returned Saturday from a month's visit with relatives in Cedar Rapids, Ia.

H. E. Roberts purchased the Hempel restaurant Sunday, taking immediate possession.

J. T. Walker was in Kansas last week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. George Clark of Shelbyville are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Charles Ahl.

W. Z. Richhart is here from Louisiana looking after some interests in litigation in the circuit court.

Mrs. A. R. Spicer of Danville is visiting her mother, Mrs. George Rice.

The Carwile property sold Saturday by the administrator was bought by F. G. Stewart for $402.50.

Nov. 15.

MAROA.

Rose Clark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Felix Clark, died at their home in this city Sunday evening. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at the Christian church. Interment at the Maroa cemetery.

John Crocker and Frank Stroud returned home the first of the week from a trip to Arkansas, where they have been looking after some mining interests.

H. D. Spencer of Bloomington was in the city on business Wednesday.

Sylvester Jones of Cisco was in town Thursday.

William F. McClimans of the firm of Warwick & McClimans, who is ill with typhoid fever in Clinton, is reported better.

Mrs. W. F. Miller has been quite ill the past week, but is now improving.

Elder W. Craig is able to be on the streets again.

B. T. Jameson of Decatur was in the city the first of the week.

R. E. Pensinger visited Dr. Coddington in Litchfield this week.

Mrs. E. Bowden and son of Clinton visited Maroa relatives this week.

Robert Gorman and son, Harry, have gone to Oklahoma to improve ground that the former drew in the recent land drawing.

Mrs. Lina Kennedy is here from Chicago visiting her parents. Her mother, Mrs. F. L. Bogle, is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Foulke have returned from their wedding trip. They visited Chicago and Milwaukee.

Dan Davis has severed his connection with the Berkshire grocery and is painting for Charles Miller.

J. B. Gordon and wife of Mt. Pulaski were in town the first of the week.

A dancing mistress from Chicago is in the city trying to get up a class.

Nov. 15.

WARRENSBURG.

Mrs. Hannah Beall of Niantic visited her mother, Mrs. Wade, one day this week.

The quarterly meeting was held here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Raymond Pieree went to DeKalb Monday to attend school there.

The funeral of David Churchman was held here on Monday morning.

Miss Cora Churchman of Decatur, and Otto Churchman of Dawson, were here over Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Walker and children of Cerro Gordo spent a part of this week with Mrs. Wade.

Mrs. Markland received news Saturday that her grandson, Burrel Howard, of Owaneco, had broken a leg. Amputation was necessary.

Miss Mabel Clarkson of Decatur spent Sunday with Ethel Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ehlers returned Monday from a visit with Sluo Mound relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Willard and Mr. and Mrs. Scott visited Chas. Bullard's on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wiland and children returned from Rankin Saturday.

Nov. 16.

CERRO GORDO.

Miss Nellie Misenhelter returned from a two weeks' visit with her sister in Decatur Monday.

Mrs. Ruth Smith who has been here at the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Vent, returned to her home in Springfield Tuesday.

Miss Laura Barnhart visited friends in Decatur Monday.

Mrs. Craw is sick.

E. Drum went to Heyworth Monday to spend a few weeks with his sons Arthur and Dick.

J. P. McLaughlin has bought the Grant Huff property and will move to town soon.

Miss Sarah Middleton is visiting in Mlimine.

Mrs. A. C. Doyle went to Monticello Wednesday to visit relatives.

John Ater returned from his hunting trip in Michigan Tuesday.

The district convention of the Home Missionary society will be held at the M. E. church Thursday. About forty delegates are expected and an interesting program has been prepared.

Miss Lucy Moore of Tolono has been employed to instruct the recently organized choir at the M. E. church.

Rev. Brown of Leroy arrived here Wednesday to assist with the revival services in progress at the Christian church.

Mrs. M. Welkie of Omaha, Neb., arrived Monday for an extended visit with relatives at this place.

Edith Dobson who has been having scarlet fever has quite recovered.

Died, Monday, November 11, 1901, Emma F. Veal, at her residence in Cerro Gordo. The funeral was held at the M. E. church Tuesday morning, conducted by Rev. J. F. Porter, assisted by Rev. J. H. Waterbury of Monticello. The remains were taken to Monticello for interment.

Grant Huff disposed of his household goods at public sale Thursday afternoon.

About 140 persons from here took advantage of the trade excursion to Decatur Friday.

Nov. 16.

Again it is demonstrated that it is the early home influences that tell in after life. Jeffries' father is a preacher.

EVENLY MATCHED

Moweaqua and Decatur Football Teams Play Closely Contested Game.

MARKED BY INDIVIDUAL PLAY

Two Twenty Minutes' Halves—Game Resulted in a Score of 5 to 0 in Favor of the Visitors.

At the race track Saturday afternoon about 200 people witnessed one of the most spectacular football games ever played in the city, when the teams from Moweaqua and the Brown Business college came together on the gridiron. In two halves of twenty minutes each the spectators were treated to sensational runs and strenuous line bucking. The only touchdown was made by the Moweaqua team with only three minutes to play in the last half, leaving the score 5 to 0.

There was a small attempt at consistent team work, but the most of the game was a succession of individual plays. Neiman, for the home team, made several sensational runs and won the admiration of the spectators by his good interference, line bucking and end runs, which at one time almost gave the home team a touchdown, the ball being lost on downs within five yards of the goal. Williams, Kraft and Beall came in for a part of the praise in holding the opposing team down to but one touchdown. Atterberry, left half back; B. Snyder, full back, and McKee, right half back, for the visitors, were the main factors in taking the sphere over the line for the only touchdown during the game.

The game started at 3:30, Moweaqua winning the toss and choosing the north goal, kicking off to Baum, who advanced the ball about twenty yards, when he was tackled by Snyder of the opposing team. Then followed a succession of line bucks and end runs when Neiman took the ball two and three yards at a down for thirty yards, when the ball was held on downs. Moweaqua took the ball and with a tandem play, consisting of the three backs, succeeded in retrieving all the ground gained by the home team, when the ball was fumbled and was downed by Beall, who advanced it about three yards. After a gain of about forty yards the ball was lost on downs and the visitors with their strong tandem proceeded to cut their way, towards the coveted goal and had passed the center of the field when they were held for downs. The ball was then passed to Neiman, who made a sensational run of twenty yards and followed it up with gains of from three to five yards, bringing the pigskin within five yards of the goal when time was called.

SECOND HALF.

Decatur kicked off to Snyder who was downed before he could make any gain. Then the visitors worked the tandem through right and left guards and advanced the ball steadily for from three to five yards at a down, when the ball was given to full back Snyder, who made a twenty-five yard run, bringing the ball within ten yards of the goal. At this time Beall, who had been getting the bulk of the line bucking, was laid out and the game was delayed for some time. He was, however, able to proceed with the game. The ball was steadily advanced by Moweaqua to within three yards of the goal when it was held for downs. When the home team took the ball they resorted to a punt and Neiman landed the ball back in the center of the field. Scarlet, the left end for the visitors, caught the ball and McCollom made a beautiful tackle, downing him before any gain could be made. With but five minutes to play the visitors advanced the ball with gains of from one to three yards. Snyder carried the ball over the goal line for a touchdown. They failed to kick goal and the score stood 5 to 0. The line up for the game was as follows:

Moweaqua—Calvin, center; Cutler, right guard; Burgenor, right tackle; P. Snyder, right end; Brunner, left guard; Woodring, left tackle; Scarlet, Roy Snyder, left end; Sparling, quarter back; Atterberry, left half back; B. Snyder, full back; McKee, right half back.

Brown Business college—Gladfelter, center; McMahan, right guard; L. E. Runkle, right tackle; Ed Oder, right end; Harry Festler, left guard; Beall, left tackle; McCollom, left end; Baum, quarter back; Kraft, left half back; Neiman, full back; Williams, right half back.

DEATH RECORD.

JOHN H. RAETHER.

John H. Raether died Saturday morning at St. Mary's hospital, aged 47 years. His death was due to a stroke of paralysis. He was a member of the Tailors' union. He leaves two daughters.

The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the English Lutheran church. Rev. H. Peters will officiate.

MALOTT.

Charles Clifford Malott, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Malott, died Saturday morning at the family residence in Forsyth, aged 1 year.

The funeral will be held Sunday morning at 11 o'clock from Boiling Springs church. Rev. Mr. Longbrake will conduct the services.

Champion Bowler.

W. V. Thompson, champion bowler of the state of Illinois, was at the Brunswick alleys Saturday evening for about an hour. Mr. Thompson made scores of 212 and 225, but like other bowlers he has streaks of bad luck. He will be in the city today. He pronounced the alleys as good as any in Chicago.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What Is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

A new shade in fall dress goods is called "automobile," but that does not mean that it goes alone. Gloves and hats to match will be necessary.

Infant mortality is something frightful. Nearly one quarter die before they reach one year, one third before they are five, and one half before they are fifteen. The timely use of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE would save a majority of these precious lives. Price 25 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

It is a wonderful consolation to a man, when he is in trouble, to tell him that you hope it will prove a valuable and lasting lesson.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Marriage Licenses.

Robert Oxley, Warrensburg.....32
Sarah L. Johnston, Decatur.....21
George B. Kirk, Chicago.....25
Minnie A. Barrie, Syracuse, N. Y....25

For burns, cuts, bruises, lacerations or injuries of any description, BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is a sovereign remedy. It never fails to do good, and so promptly that its wonderful curative properties frequently create surprise. Price 25 and 50 cents John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

When you begin to smile at things where you used to laugh, look out for the arrival of old age.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The life which is like an open book reminds us chiefly that an open book is not a handy thing to carry around.

If you are suffering from drowsiness in the day time, irritability of temper, sleepless nights, general debility, headache, and general want of tone of the system, use HERBINE. You will get relief and finally a cure. Price 50 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

The world is slow in recognising genius, but, then, you must remember that it has not had much practice in this line.

Constipation means the accumulation of waste matter that should be discharged daily, and unless this is done the foul matter is absorbed and poisons the system. Use HERBINE to bring about regularity of the bowels. Price 25 cents John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

Miss Edith Jimison, who has been quite ill at her home on South Broadway, is improving.

If you have sore throat, soreness across the back or side, or your lungs feel sore or tender, or you are threatened with diphtheria or pneumonia, apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT externally, and use BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

SLOW SPORT.

Eight Men Share the Proceeds of the Walking Match.

Pittsburg, Nov. 16.—Of twenty-two starters in the six-day go-as-you-please match only nine finished tonight. Eight are entitled to share the receipts. The final score:

Cavanaugh, 508 miles, 11 laps; Barnes, 478 miles; Shelton, 438; Noremac, 414; Dean, 413 miles, 6 laps; Locelin, 374; Hegelman, 305; Day, 355; Barclay, 350.

Four Drowned.

Goodrich, Ont., Nov. 16.—There is no longer any doubt regarding the fate of the four men on board the schooner Marine City, which broke adrift from its anchorage off this port during a terrific gale Thursday night, part of the schooner's cabin, along with other wreckage, drifted ashore.

Drove Out Catholics

Vienna, Nov. 16.—After a fierce fight today the Lutheran students drove the Roman Catholic students out of the great hall of the university. The authorities of the university brought the Catholics back, but they were again driven out, and fighting between the students is continuing outside the building.

The Hague, Nov. 16.—The queen mother, coming today from the bedside of Queen Wilhelmina, said the royal patient was better.

CHARGES CRUELTY.

Estella B. Buehler Asks That She Be Given Her Maiden Name.

In the circuit court Saturday Estella B. Buehler filed a petition asking for a divorce from her husband, Samuel E. Buehler. The couple were married on Aug. 1, 1899, and she left him in August of this year.

The charge is cruelty and in her bill the complainant relates that she has suffered ill-treatment since June, 1900. In February of this year, one night when the weather was cold, she was put out of the house by her husband, but forced her way in again. She declares that she was beaten by her husband, who again put her out of doors a second time and locked the doors. Again she forced her way in and threatened to call the police if she was further disturbed. Then he let her alone. In August last, according to her story, her husband packed her clothes and told her to leave and to stay away. She took him at his word and since has lived away from him. She asks that whatever dower interest he may have in her property be annulled and that she be permitted to resume her maiden name, Estella Fleck.

Can't Buy It.

After proper investigation, the village council has decided that it is not within their jurisdiction to buy the light plant on account of being unable to bond the village for enough to pay for it. Only 5 per cent of the taxable property can be used in this way.—Blue Mound Leader.

Jumped on a Ten Penny Nail.

The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoes as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Forkland, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by all druggists.

DUMP BURNS

Knights of Labor Turns Him Down After Electing Him.

Indianapolis, Nov. 16.—After re-electing Simon Burns of Pittsburg general master workman of the Knights of Labor, the general assembly of the order tonight reconsidered the action and in Burns' place elected Henry A. Hicks of New York as executive head of the order. In the afternoon after re-electing General Secretary-Treasurer Hayes, the vote for the executive board showed the election of three old members, all opposed to Burns. Burns objected to the board as elected, claiming the right to name six delegates to the general assembly from which number the assembly alone could make a choice to the board.

This created an uproar, several older members demanding a reconsideration of the vote by which Burns was re-elected. Further consideration of the matter was deferred until tonight when the general assembly, in session, reconsidered the vote of the afternoon and placed Henry A. Hicks at the head of the order.

BATTLE OF THE REVOLUTION.

Anniversary Observed by Dedication of a Handsome Memorial.

New York, Nov. 16.—One hundred and twenty-nine years ago today the Revolutionary battle of Fort Washington was fought where now dwell many hundreds of Greater New York's citizens. This afternoon the anniversary was observed by the dedication of a handsome memorial marking the site of the old fort. The memorial, designed by Charles R. Lamb, is the gift of James Gordon Bennett. It consists of a wayside seat about eight feet wide, flanked by two marble pillasters. Extending back on the ground level is a concrete platform upon which is an ancient cannon and pile of cannon balls. The unveiling exercises were held under the auspices of the Sons of the American Revolution and the American Scenic and Historic Preservation society. An interesting feature of the program was the hoisting of the American flag by Christopher Forbes, a lineal descendant of the man who raised the flag on the battery when the British evacuated New York.

GIRL KILLS HER FATHER

Because He Had Frequently Threatened to Kill Her.

Creede, Colo., Nov. 16.—Dr. A. N. Simpson, coroner of Mineral county, was found dead in his office with a bullet wound in the center of the back. The coroner's inquest developed the fact that the shooting was done by Dr. Simpson's 15-year-old daughter, Gertrude. She testified her father had frequently threatened to kill her and she took the opportunity when he was asleep to shoot him. Other evidence corroborated the testimony, and the jury returned a verdict exonerating the girl from blame.

SEELIG GIVEN FIVE YEARS

St. Louis Postal Employe Who Robbed Letters Gets Heavy Sentence.

St. Louis, Nov. 16.—Samuel Seelig, the postoffice employe, who was arrested a week ago on a charge of robbing the mails, pleaded guilty before Judge Adams in the United district court Saturday morning and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

Attorney Fauntleroy, for Seelig, made an appeal for clemency, in which he referred to Seelig's young wife and their little child. The court, however, said Seelig's offense was an aggravated one and that he would impose a heavy penalty.

The postoffice department might as well go out of business, he said, if business men could not safely intrust their letters to its care.

Seelig was caught by postoffice inspectors with stolen letters in his possession.

NEW RECORD.

Fournier Covers the Mile in Remarkable Time of 51 4-5.

New York, Nov. 16.—Henri Fournier, the French automobilist, established a new official world's record for one mile today, covering the distance in 51 4-5 seconds. The record was made on a straightaway course over the Coney Island boulevard, under the auspices of the Long Island Automobile club. In the class for the heavy machines, only three made the trial, Fournier, Foxhall P. Keene and A. L. Bostwick. Keene's time was 54 2-5 seconds, and Bostwick 56 2-5. In the class for electric machines S. T. Davis also made a new record, 1:15. In the motorcycle class, Robert Atkinson made a record of 1:33.

CHOATE THE GUEST.

At a Banquet Given By the Lotus Club.

New York, Nov. 16.—Ambassador Joseph Choate was the guest of the Lotus club tonight at a dinner and reception given in his honor. About 275 persons were present. The keynote of the speeches was the friendliness existing between England and America and the desirability of its continuance. Addresses were made by Choate, Andrew Carnegie, Thomas B. Reed, Samuel L. Clemens, Senator Depew and others.

To the Public.

Allow me to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I had a very severe cough and cold and feared I would get pneumonia, but after taking the second dose of this medicine I felt better, three bottles of it cured my cold and the pains in my chest disappeared entirely. I am most respectfully yours for health, Ralph S. Meyers, 61 Thirty-seventh street, Wheeling, W. Va. For sale by all druggists.

NEW CATTLE DISEASE

Live Stock Commission Designates It As "Corn-Stalk Disease."

Many reports have been received by the board of live stock commissioners during the past few days of a new disease among cattle which has caused many deaths. Upon investigation it was found to be "corn stalk" disease, and the following bulletin was issued by the board yesterday:

"Corn stalk disease"—so called for the reason that the disease only occurs where cattle are being fed upon corn stalks standing in the field from which the corn has been gathered. It is neither infectious nor contagious; the carcasses may be handled with impunity and the hides be removed and sold with safety.

SYMPTOMS.

"Perhaps without previous warning one or more cattle may be found dead which a few hours previous may have been entirely well. Attention being directed to the balance of the herd, others may be discovered isolated from the rest, standing with back somewhat arched, and if movement is attempted it may be performed with much difficulty, the animal staggering or falling to the ground. Occasionally, however, one may be delirious, with paralysis yet absent, and may attack the attendant furiously. (This is not a constant symptom, however, and is often seen in other diseases.) Twitching of the muscles of the limbs or neck is often present, and grave dejection is apparent in the countenance. In a few hours, often in a short time, paralysis has so far advanced that the patient falls and is unable to arise, after which movement of the limbs, as pawing with the front and striking with the hind, may continue with short intermissions until death supervenes. Frequently the head and neck are drawn backward and eyeballs rotated backward. Moaning is quite constant and death results from paralysis.

POST MORTEM LESIONS.

"From the symptoms described, one should conclude that the central nervous system is involved, and such is the fact. Upon exposure of the brain and spinal cord, the coverings (meninges) are found congested, while the other organs of the body are found healthy, except occasionally the manyplies (omasum) is found distended, with its contents very dry, but this condition is of no significance here, as the same is often found after death from entirely different causes. Sometimes also local congestions, which are really post mortem changes, may be found. It is strictly a disease of the nervous system.

CAUSE.

"Many theories have been advanced as to the cause of this disease, which have proven erroneous. One distinguished investigator thought it to be infectious and that he had discovered its germ, which could be communicated to others. This error caused much alarm abroad and some interference with cattle traffic.

"The cause, in my opinion, is a poisonous fungus which develops on the stalk or blade, invisible, but surely present. The different fungi (and their numbers and kinds are innumerable) are of extremely rapid development, so that a field that may be safe today, tomorrow may not. Thus we have no hint as to what may occur. Medicinal treatment is unavailing, and the field should be abandoned for cattle feeding at once.

PREVENTION.

The only sure means of prevention is the abolition of the custom of allowing cattle to run upon their stalks. I have never known shock corn to produce any trouble whatever, except, perhaps derangement of the digestive organs, if fed immoderately, or when the quality is bad. Many will object to such a change in the harvest of corn, and with very large fields it may seem impracticable, but the extra expense involved will be more than compensated by the additional amount of nutrition found in the stalk, besides eradicating risk of loss by disease.

"Corn, with its stalk and blades, is one of our most valuable products for stock food, and when in perfect condition and fed with moderation contains no element of danger; but when these conditions are not present, immense loss often results. Immature corn is highly dangerous for food of horses, but harmless for cattle or swine, although deficient in nutrition. This last had no reference to corn stalk disease, for that occurs upon fields of apparent excellent quality.

He Finally Got the Soda.

Ten years ago John White, a substantial farmer near Mattoon, sold his farm and with his wife removed to Janesville, ten miles south of there, to lead a retired life. One day his wife sent him to the grocery store to purchase a package of soda and he disappeared. By many he was regarded as dead. It develops that he went to Texas and purchased a cotton plantation and later went to North Dakota. Saturday he stepped off the train in Janesville, went to a grocery store, purchased a package of soda and, entering his home, said to his wife: "There's the soda." She was overjoyed to see him and they are living together again. White offered no explanation for his ten year's absence.

A Violent Attack of Croup Cured.

"Last winter an infant child of mine had croup in a violent form," says Elder John W. Rogers, a Christian Evangelist of Filley, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

Deeds Recorded.

Rebecca A. Fullerton to John J. Freeland, the north half of the southwest quarter of 1, 14, 3 east; $1.

G. W. Lehman to C. A. Wilson, sheriff's certificate lot 3 in block 1 in Walt & Co.'s addition to Decatur; $120.

David Hutchison to Henry Shlaudeman, half interest in a lot 26x232 feet in the northeast corner of 15, 16, 2 east; $2,250.

Lucy A. Brewer to A. T. Summers, lot 82 in block 1 in LeFurgee & Patterson's addition to Decatur; $100.

Charles Harpstrite to Danville B. McRay, 3 acres off of the north end of the west half of the west half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of 34, 17, 3 east; $150.

James Sanders to W. B. Hunter, 70 feet off of the north end of lot 1 in block 4 in Smith's resurvey in Mt. Zion; also a strip of ground 70x10 parallel to lot 1; $400.

Merrill F. Roberts to W. B. Hunter, one acre in the northeast quarter of 4, 16, 3 east; $700.

MARRIED.

KIRK-BARRIE.

George B. Kirk of Chicago and Miss Minnie A. Barrie of Syracuse, N. Y., both members of the "Man Who Dared" company, which appeared at the opera house last night, were married Saturday afternoon. The ceremony was performed in the county court room, Judge W. L. Hammer officiating. The fact that they were members of a theatrical company and likewise a handsome couple, aroused not a little interest in the clerical force in the county clerk's office and they all attended the wedding.

OXLEY—JOHNSTON.

Robert Oxley of Warrensburg and Miss Sarah L. Johnston of Decatur were quietly married Saturday morning by Justice O'Mara at his office on East Main street.

Badly Scalded.

At Argenta on Thursday night Mrs. John Barlow and two little girls were painfully burned. At the home of Captain Wright Mrs. Barlow and Mrs. Wright undertook to move a heavy range connected with which was a reservoir holding fifteen or twenty gallons of water. In moving the stove it was overturned and the water spilled on Mrs. Barlow and her 4 year old daughter and the 6 year old daughter of Mrs. Wright. Their injuries were severe and painful, but no fatal results are anticipated.

Fairly Well.

John Stropo of Oreana was in Decatur Saturday and in speaking of his corn crop said that it had panned out 3,000 bushels. He had ninety-three acres devoted to that grain. Stropo figures that he will do as well this year as he did last, when the yield was sixty bushels per acre. Last year the price was thirty cents, making the total yield worth $18 per acre, and this year, with thirty-two bushels per acre and the price at fifty-two cents the total yield will be worth $16.64 per acre. Stropo believes that the fact that this field was worked with disc cultivators has much to do with the yield, which is above the average.

Quit the Chase.

J. S. Ater has returned to his home in Cerro Gordo from Michigan, to which state he had gone as the member of a hunting party. A nephew of Mr. Ater thought he was shooting at a deer when indistinctly he saw something moving in the bushes. The supposed deer proved to be a member of the party, who received a full charge of heavy shot in his side. His condition is critical. That mistake broke up the hunting expedition.

New Store.

William Hall will open a new grocery store known as the Farmers' cash grocery at 325 East Main street, Monday morning.

Continued Again.

In the county court Saturday the Carol citations were called for a hearing, but were continued. In the case as to Thomas Carroll, cited for contempt in permitting his son to come to his (the father's) house, there was a motion to dismiss. The court took the motion under advisement. The other citation was as to Fred Miller, the guardian of the boy. The latter could not be found by the sheriff and there was no hearing.

The turkey case at Argenta the last week was the most interesting thing known to the villagers there in a long time. Six turkeys which had strayed from home into the river bottoms were claimed by two families. David Swarts, one of the claimants, "took them up." Mrs. Charles Marvin sued to replevin the fowls. A jury heard the case in the court of Justice J. W. Six. Swarts was represented by Attorney James Hicks of Monticello and Mrs. Marvin conducted her own case. The court instructed the jury to return a verdict for one or the other of the contestants, but the jury, after long consideration, returned a verdict dividing the turkeys and assessing the costs equally between the contestants.

William J. McCloskey has sold to Henry J. Christianer, of near Beardstown, 140 2-3 acres of land in Buckhart township at $65 per acre.—Taylorville Breeze.

Thousands of men and women suffer from piles, especially women with female weakness have this suffering to contend with in addition to their other pains. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT will quickly effect a cure. Price 50 cents in bottles; tubes 75 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.



A Good Thing!

The people know a good thing when they see it, and they know a good

Overcoat And Suit

—ALSO—

And they are finding out that the

H. S. & M. OVERCOATS AND SUITS

Have more style about them and wear longer, hold their shape better than any other makes sold in Decatur, and the prices are no higher. Prices $5.00 up to $25.00.

We have just received our second invoice this fall which consists of all the Latest Novelties and Smart Overcoats—up-to-date goods for your inspection.

Our make of DUCK COATS are the best and cheapest, $1.00 up to $2.00.

GLOVES, MITTENS, UNDERWEAR and CAPS

For everybody. Good goods for your money. Do not forget when you want a suit to order, that we have the only up-to-date Cutter and we guarantee satisfaction.

COME AND SEE

RACE CLOTHING MFG. COMPANY.

135 NORTH WATER STREET.

COLE SHOE CO.



We want to say a word to you about Misses' and Children's Shoes. Do you know we carry lines made by the very best manufacturers—WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO., of ROCHESTER, N. Y., make our best lines and there are none better made. They are the kind that people from adjoining towns write us to know if they can get the same shoe again.

We carry a special line of KID LACE, patent leather tips, with WELT soles, fine style, Misses, $2; child's, $1.75. The larger sizes, 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, etc., are worth $2.50.

We make a specialty of shoes that wear and have added to our lines shoes made with SOLE LEATHER TIPS, good style and shape. Nice shoes in box calf, Kosster tips; Misses', $1.75; child's, $1.50.

In KID we have a lace shoe with sole leather tips, heavy sole, extension sole, good shape; Misses' $1.14.

We pay especial attention to CHILDREN'S SHOES and carry an exhaustive line in spring heel, low heels, wedge heels, no heels, welt soles, McKay soles, turned soles and soft soles.

LARGE LINE OF SOFT SOLES, 50 and 25 cents.

Brass Foot Tracks in Side Walk.

Frank H. Cole Shoe Co.,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

The Middle Store 148 E. Main St

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

P. HINE HELD UP

abash Engineer Had Unpleas- nt Experience in St. Louis Friday Night.

UGGED AND LEFT IN STREET

ere He Remained For Several Hours—Lost His Watch and a Few Dollars in Cash.

Joseph P. Hine, engineer in the passenger service of the Wabash between Decatur and St. Louis, came home from the latter city Sunday night after an absence of two days, during which he had an unpleasant experience, but he is thankful that it was no worse. Friday night in St. Louis he was assaulted by highwaymen and robbed and left lying in the street for several hours.

Engineer Hine and Fireman W. Williams were on the locomotive hauling train 7 to St. Louis last Friday night. The train was late leaving Decatur and arrived in St. Louis about 10 o'clock. By the time the engineers got to the roundhouse and changed their clothes, it was after 11 o'clock. Then they went to a restaurant to get something to eat before going to bed. Hine roomed on Twenty-third street and when he left the restaurant, Williams was still there. When between Clark avenue and Walnut street on Twentysecond, at the entrance of an alley Engineer Hine was suddenly accosted by a man who asked: "What time is it?" Hine wore a heavy overcoat, unbuttoned, and had his hands thrust into his coat pockets. Without any effort to look at his watch he replied: "About 12 15." The stranger asked: "Are you too damned lazy to look?" and at the same time grabbed at the watch chain. Hine threw up his hands involuntarily and as he did so noticed a second fellow on his right. As he threw up his hand he struck the hand which had reached for his watch and the timepiece was knocked into the street. In much less time than it takes to tell it the highwaymen had hold of Hine's hands and almost at the same instant they struck him. The man on his right struck him across the right temple with what was evidently a sandbag for the skin was not broken. At the same time the other fellow struck him a heavy blow on the left side just at the short ribs. That blow was with a heavy club. Hine says that just as he was struck he saw a third man picking up the watch and he heard one of them say: "Haney." What that meant he doesn't know. The last thing he remembered was when he saw the third man stooping to pick up the watch. About 1 o'clock Saturday morning Hine staggered into a livery stable on Market street, about two blocks away from the place where the assault occurred. He asked the man in charge of the office to telephone to the roundhouse and say that he was hurt and could not go out on his run. He remembers that but then things became hazy for a time. Friends who have since visited the stable office have been told that when Hine arrived there he was suffering with a violent chill and was dazed and could scarcely talk. After telling that he wanted a telephone message sent to the roundhouse, he apparently collapsed. He rested on a lounge for a long time. About 7 o'clock he went to his room on Twenty-third street.

When Hine failed to appear to go out on his run Saturday morning, about 6.30 a messenger was sent to his room, but he came back with the report that Hine had not been there, as the bed had not been occupied. That mystified the roundhouse officials not a little. All day Saturday no one knew where Hine was. Saturday evening after being in a semiconscious condition nearly all day Hine attracted the attention of his landlady who had been away from home all day and she sent a messenger to the roundhouse to an engineer. After Hine got to his room he discovered that his right knee was sprained to such an extent that he could not bear his weight upon it. His right eye was swollen and discolored and his left side was so sore that he could scarcely move.

Hine says that when the assault occurred the whole thing was over in a second or two and it was so sudden that he had no time to observe any of the men. When the first fellow spoke to him Hine did not see the others. The first time he saw the second fellow was when the first man made a grab at the watch and that was almost instantly after asking the hour. A handsome gold charm, emblematic of the Knights of Columbus, remained fastened to his vest when the watch was torn away. Hine had only a few dollars in his pocket and that sum and his watch, worth about $40, was the total of his loss. He says that he drew his money from the pay car on Thursday and had brought it home. He is of the opinion that the attack was made by some men who know him and expected to find him with his month's pay in his pocket. He has been running into St. Louis for twenty years and is well known in the vicinity of the roundhouse, which is only a block from his room. Hine says that when he became conscious he was lying on his left side and his right arm was twisted behind him and from its cramped position had become numb and helpless.

At present he is confined to his home on North Morgan street. He is bodily sore and his right knee is so lame that he can barely support his weight upon it. He will not be able to resume work for a week at least.

Marriage Licenses.

James H. Wilgus, Springfield.....29
Florence L. Wright, Louisville, Ky..29

ROWELL A CANDIDATE.

Former Congressman Will Make Race For Nomination Against John A. Sterling.

Captain Jonathan H. Rowell of Bloomington has announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for congress. In the Seventeenth district, which is composed of McLean, Ford, Livingston and Woodford counties, John A. Sterling has been an avowed candidate for the place on the ticket for some time past, but the entrance of Captain Rowell into the field puts an entirely different face on the matter and means that there will be a spirited contest. Captain Rowell would be no stranger to congress. He represented this district in congress when it was known as the Thirteenth.

TRIP AROUND WORLD.

B. W. Campbell of Cincinnati Here to Interest D. S. Shellabarger in the Idea.

B. W. Campbell of Cincinnati was in the city yesterday on business and to interest D. S. Shellabarger in a trip around the world. Early next month Mr. Campbell, accompanied by Mr. Schmidtapp, also of Cincinnati, will start on such a journey mentioned. They want Mr. Shellabarger to accompany them. They will be absent for several months and expect to visit all important portions of the globe. It had been originally planned to have Adjutant General Corbin accompany the party, but he was recently married and will forego the trip. Mr. Shellabarger has the matter under advisement and may accept the invitation to become a member of the party.

Deeds Recorded.

William N. Lanham to Mary Sly, a 10 foot lot on North Water street, north of Division street; $1 00.

Albert W. Knapp to Nellie Knapp, lot 1 in block 3 in Durfee's Third addition to Decatur; $1.

Charles J. Knight to John H. Wehmhoff, lots 10 and 17 in block 6 in Wood's subdivision of blocks 6, 7 and 12 in Cullck's addition to Decatur; $1000.

John Beggs to Sam W. Beggs, lot 13, in block 1 in W. H. Beggs' addition to Decatur; $1.

Sarah Rea et al to Mary Grabill, a tract in the southeast quarter of section 10, township 17, range 4 east; $300.

W. C. Miller to Alice Adams, lot 15 in block 6 in Walnut Grove addition to Decatur; $200.

J. D. Davis to Eliza Conover, the south half of lot 2 in re-survey of block 6 in Rend & Co.'s addition to Decatur; $1930.

Joseph S. Tait to Daniel W. Tait, lot 3 in North Park addition to Decatur; $2678.

Going to Be Married.

J. S. Baldwin left last night for New Albany, Ind., where on Wednesday night he will be married to Miss Mary V. Dishman, a prominent young lady of that place. Mr. Baldwin was accompanied to New Albany by Kyle Bohon. The wedding will be the society event of the season at New Albany.

DEATH RECORD.

MORRISON.

James Morrison, aged 76 years, died at his home near Lake City Saturday night. The deceased was a well known farmer and his death was due to the infirmities of age. He was a native of Ireland, but had lived many years near Lake City. He is survived by his wife, Nancy Morrison, and eleven children. They are James Morrison, a merchant at Lake City; John, Maggie and Emma, who live in Macon county; Ella and Mary, who live in South Dakota, and William Morrison, who lives in Colorado. All of the children were at home except William Morrison, who was expected home on Monday.

The funeral will be held today. The services will be at St. Isadore church at Lake City and Rev. Father Corcoran will officiate.

O'HOLLERAN.

John O'Holleran, aged 61 years died at his home at 647 East Lealland avenue, on Sunday night, Nov. 17. His death was due to a complication of diseases. He leaves a widow but no children.

The deceased had worked many years for the Wabash company. He had been employed on the section and when he became too infirm for that work had served at flagman at Edward and Brondway.

The funeral will be on Wednesday forenoon. The services will be at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock.

MARGARET MELCHOIRS.

Margaret Melchoirs died Sunday, Nov. 17th in Peoria at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Melchoirs, aged 3 years. Mrs. Melchoirs is a daughter of Mrs. M. Nealon of Decatur.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Surprise In the Country.

There was a surprise party Saturday night at the home of M. M. Harrison, north of the city. About fifteen persons were present from the surrounding country, including a number from this city. The evening was devoted to games, music and dancing and fine refreshments were served.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe, Influenza, Asthma, Quick, sure results. Sold by druggists. 25 cents.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The March-Allsup Damage Suit On Trial—Docket Orders Monday.

In the circuit court Monday the case of Mills, administrator, vs. Allsup, was taken up and a jury called to hear the evidence. Getting started in that case was the principal work of the day. The jurors sworn to hear the testimony are as follows:

Ed Morris, R. E. Grindol, J. B. Vollmer, John Kingsley, A. W. Evans, F. L. Gray, F. F. Ruby, George Farron, Wm. Shaffer, Clifford Wilson, Walter Black, O. C. Worsham.

These are the orders entered on the dockets:

LAW.

Louis A. Mills, administrator, vs. Samuel S. Allsup; trespass on the case. Trial by jury.

CHANCERY.

Michael Rogers, jr., vs. Ellen Rogers, et al; partition. Original bill dismissed for want of equity. Cause heard. Decree on intervening petition as prayed and leave to file a supplemental bill. Nay Boggess guardian ad litem and continued as to supplemental bill.

Rebakah Assembly.

The Rebekah state assembly will hold their annual meeting at the state house at Springfield Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week. Miss Fannie Pierce will go as a representative of Progress Rebekah lodge, No. 141, of this city. Mrs. Louise Seefarth will go as a member of the resolution committee. Other members who will go from here are: Miss Cordia Underwood, assistant to the state grand secretary; Miss Bertha Ives, Mrs. Tom Kitchen, Mrs. Lola Rickards. The grand secretary went Sunday morning and the rest will leave this morning.

New U. B. Church.

There was a meeting of the members of the United Brethren church at Springfield on Sunday, when the matter of erecting a new church was discussed. Elder C. B. Smith of this city was present. The United Brethren church was established in Springfield only a short time ago and has had a splendid growth.

Births.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Troutman, at their home, two miles west of Decatur, Monday, Nov. 18, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stoeswand, at their home, 673 East Decatur street, Monday, Nov. 18, a son.

Elmer, the 12-year-old son of O. M. Rose of East Herkimer street, fell Sunday and broke his arm. Dr. Slusher attended him.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDIN, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE MARKETS.

The Grain Markets.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Wheat—A weaker feeling was manifested, the local sentiment being bearish and the close 3-8 to 1-2 lower. Trade was moderate in volume with selling by the northwest, local professionals and elevator interests. Statistics at hand are rather discouraging to the holders and considerable long property was placed on the market. Cables were easier. Liverpool spot was 1-2 and futures down 3-8 to 1-2. The visible supply was enlarged by 3,718,000 bushels, much more than was expected. Exports were liberal, 582,000 bushels and 18 boatloads were reported taken for shipment. Local receipts, 53 cars.

Corn—Another decline was scored, the close showing 1-4 to 3-8 loss. Trade was fair in volume with a good share of the same for liquidation of long property, selling by commission houses being more general. Cables were easier and receipts of the southwest larger, which with the action surrounding the markets caused a bearish feeling to prevail. Liverpool spot was steady and futures 1-8 higher to 3-8 lower. Receipts small, 112 cars.

Oats—Active and prices receded 3-4 from the top figures at the start. The longs sold freely and there was also good selling against liberal western acceptances. The rally in corn at least started the shorts covering and prices rallied 3-8 to 1-2, but recorded a net loss of 3-8.

Grain, Flour and Provisions.

Chicago, November 18—

Flour—Steady.

Wheat—Good trade, weaker, closing lower.

November	71½c to
December	71½c to

Corn—Moderately active, opened weak, rallied slightly, closing only ¼ to ½ lower

November	50c to
December	50½c to 50¾c
No 3 white	60½c to

Oats—Active, weaker, closing lower.

November	39½c to
December	39½c to
No 4 white	43c to
Rye 58½c to	Barley 54c to 60c
Flax $1.47 to	Timothy, $6.15 to
Clover $9.15 to	

PROVISIONS

Pork, Nov $13.75	Jan $15.10 to
Lard, Nov $8.33 to	Jan $8.60 to
Ribs, Nov $7.80 to	Jan $7.72 to 7.75

Short clear sides, $8.20 to $8.30

PRODUCE

Butter, Firm, creameries, 15c to 24c; dairies, 14c to 20c

Eggs, Firm, 23c to

DRESSED POULTRY

Market steady.

Turkeys 7c to 9½c Chickens, 7c to 8c

How Prices Fluctuated.

Following is the range of options, with saturday's closing:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.	Yes.
Wheat—					
Nov	....	....	....	71¼	71¾
Dec	72¼@72	72½	71¼	71½a	72½@¾a
May	76@75¾	76	75¾	75½@¾	76a
Corn—					
Nov	....	....	....	50	50¼
Dec	50¼@60	50¼@60	50¼@¾	50¼@¾	50a
May	62¼@¾	62¼@¾	61¾a	62¼@¾	62½
Oats—					
Nov	....	....	....	39½	39½
Dec	39½	39½@¾	39½@0	39½	39½@¾
May	40½@¾	40½	40½	40¼b	40¾
Pork—					
Jan	$14.00	15.10	14.00	15.10	14.00
Lard—					
Jan	8.52½	8.62½	8.52½	8.62½	8.50
Ribs—					
Jan	7.67½	7.75	7.67½	7.75	7.65

Receipts and Shipments.

	Receipts	Shipments
Flour, bbls	84,000	28,000
Wheat, bushels	140,000	120,000
Corn, bushels	110,000	378,000
Oats, bushels	282,000	241,000

The Visible

Chicago, Nov. 18—The visible supply is as follows:

Wheat	45,677,000
Corn	12,150,000
Oats	6,800,000

Grain At Peoria.

Peoria, November 18—

Corn—Easier.

No 3	62½c to

Oats—Easier.

No 3 white	42½c to

Grain At St. Louis.

St Louis, November 18—

Wheat—

Wheat, cash,	73½c to	May	76½c to
Corn, cash,	62½c to	May	63½c to
Oats, cash,	42½c to	May	42½c to

New York Stock Markets.

New York, Nov. 18.—The largest shipment of gold that ever left New York in a single day will be carried on the steamships sailing tomorrow and touching at French and German ports. The aggregate engagements amount in round numbers to $7,050,000 and with the exception of a small proportion for Berlin, the whole amount is destined for Paris. This constitutes a sufficiently impressive movement of specie to explain easily the hesitating tone developed in the stock market. The depression in prices became very general at one time, but was decidedly uneven, several stocks in the list offering resistance to the decline and reflecting the continued large buying and vigorous support. The day's greatest depression came before the total engagements of gold had been announced, and the tendency to recover had set in and continued in the face of later increment to the movement. The most acute depression was shown by the stocks of railroads immediately concerned in the Northwestern settlement and the special cause of this was easily perceptible in the vigorous expressions of opposition to the company and its objects by the governor of Minnesota, who entrenched himself behind the laws of the state statute books. Assurances, however, were given out in Wall street but official sanction of these statutes had been fully considered and in the opinion of learned counsel none of them had violated in the formation of the Northern Securities company. This, however, did not avail to remove entirely the chilling effect of the hostile attitude assumed against the company. It it highly probable that additional gold will go out Thursday. Notwithstanding the uncertainty of the extent to which this movement may go, the opinion over the money outlook continued optimistic, based on offsets which developed last week to the outward movement of gold. The sub-treasury today paid out for redemption of government bonds $2,078,148, which brings the contribution of that institution to the market since last Friday up to $5,170,148. Great confidence is felt that government bonds redemptions will keep pace with the needs of the money market and a well defined report was in circulation all day which could not be confirmed, that a block of several million dollars of government bonds were held by the New York Savings bank to be offered for redemption this week.

Grain at Liverpool.

Liverpool, Nov. 18.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 10d; No. 1 northern spring, 5s 9 1-4d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 5s 4 3-4d.

Wheat at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Nov. 18.—Wheat—Cash, 70 3-4c; December, 69 5-8c to 69 3-4c; May, 72 1-8c to 72 1-4c; on track, No. 1 hard, 73 1-4c; No. 1 northern, 70 3-4c; No. 2 northern, 67 3-4c to 68 1-2c.

New York Markets.

New York, Nov. 18.—Wheat—Receipts 17,000 bushels; exports 102,000. Spot easy; No. 2 red, 82 1-4c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 80c elevator. Options closed steady at 5-8c net decline; December, 79 5-8c.

Corn—Receipts 52,000 bushels; exports 15,060. Spot easy; No. 2, 60 3-4c; elevator and 67 1-2c f. o. b. afloat. Options closed steady at 1-2c to 3-4c net decline; December, 66 5-8c.

Oats—Receipts 140,000 bushels; exports 351,000. Spot quiet; No. 2, 45 1-2c; No. 2 white, 48c; track mixed western, 45 to 46c; track white, 46c to 52c. Options quiet and easier.

Butter—Fairm; creamery, 17c to 25c. Cheese—Firm; large and small, 9 1-4c to 10 3-4c.

Eggs—Firm; western, 22c to 27c.

Live Stock Gossip.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Cattle—Receipts today were in the neighborhood of 22,000 compared with 19,400 last Monday. After light receipts last week the supply today was not excessive and trade was rather animated, desirable offerings selling at steady prices, while others were slower but generally no lower.

Hogs—Receipts today about 46,000, compared with 38,504 last Monday. There were no new features in the situation, the demand being active once more at steady prices for good droves while the common kinds were inclined to sell rather slowly at weak to slightly lower prices.

Sheep—Today's receipts were about 28,000 against 35,483 last Monday. There was active general demand once more and prices ruled stronger for choice flocks.

Live Stock at St. Louis

St. Louis, Nov. 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000. Market steady to strong.

Native steers—$3.50 to $6.70.

Stockers and feeders—$2.45 to $4.15.

Cows and heifers—$2 to $5.

Texas steers—$3 to $4.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 4,000. Market steady, range $5.35 to $5.85.

Bradley Bros
Decatur Ill.

Messrs. C. J. Bonnet & Co., the reliable Silk manufacturers of Lyons, France, whom we represent in Decatur, have sent to us for your inspection, sample pieces of their celebrated black dress silks. The goods will be on sale all this week, and in order to thoroughly and practically introduce their silks in this community, we are authorized to name the following extremely low prices:

Bonnet's Pure Taffeta Silks:

19 inches wide at 58c yard, regular value 75c
20 inches wide at 68c yard, " " 85c
21 inches wide at 88c yard, " " $1
22 inches wide at 98c yard, " " $1.25

Bonnet's Black Satin Finish Peau de Soie Silk 95c a yard, regular value $1.25

Bonnet's Black Satin Duchess Silks at $1 25 a yard

Bonnet's Fine Black Silks, all weaves At $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.25 and $2.50 yard

In order to make this a genuine Souvenir Silk Sale, we have added 300 pieces of choice Silks in black and colors, all lengths, all weaves and all grades, from 75c to $1.50 per yard, including black Taffetas, Black Peau de Soies, Black Duchess, colored Satin Duchess, Hemstitched Waist Silks, Taffeta Corded Waist Silks, Persian Striped Silks, Plain Colored Taffetas and all colors in 24-inch Crepe de Chene, all at one price—

69c yd

TABLE LINENS FOR THANKSGIVING

Our great annual sale of Thanksgiving linens. This will surpass any previous sales of the kind, for we have searched the markets early and purchased linens before the great advance on these goods. Nobody could afford to miss the sale. These prices will demonstrate that fact.

66-inch Table Linen ¾ bleached at 29c yd.

70 inch cream double damask for this sale 48c yd.

70 inch fine all linen bleached double damask. 5 design, open borders, 75c yd.

70 inch double damask, bleached table linen 50c yd.

72 inch fine double damask 10 new patterns at 85c yd.

¾ napkins to match this linen at $2.25 doz.

10 designs full bleached double satin damask table linens in open borders, a very glossy finish on both sides at 98c yd.

Napkins to match in 2 sizes at $2.50 and $3.00 doz.

72 inch fine double satin damask, the new effects at $1.25 yd.

¾ napkins to match at $3.50 per doz.

600 doz open border large size dinner napkins this sale only $1.48 doz.

50 fringed sets fancy colored borders, 1 doz napkins and 1 table cloth at $2.65 set.

An endless variety of fine table sets from $5.00 per set to $20 per set.

100 carving cloths, all linen and fine double damask only 39c each.

50 German linen Hemstitched table cloths from $2.00 to $3.00 each.

25 fancy mercerized after dinner cloths from 98c to $1.98 each.

25 dozen fancy all linen hemstitched damask towels from 17c to 48c each.

1 lot of all linen dinner napkins, ranging from 75c to $1.25 doz.

500 fine remnants of table linen direct from the mills, the original agents samples, the choicest goods ever put on the market, in lengths from 2 to 3 yds, all go at ⅓ less than regular goods sold in the piece.

Live Stock Prices.

Chicago, November 18—

Receipts 21,000.

Market, steady to weak.

Beef, good to prime	$6.25	to	$7.15
Beef, poor to medium	4.00	to	6.25
Cows	1.25	to	4.60
Texans	3.30	to	4.00
Stockers	2.00	to	4.40

Hogs—Receipts, 46,000.

Market, steady.

Heavy	$5.60	to	$5.85
Light	5.25	to	5.85
Mixed	5.60	to	5.80

Sheep—Receipts, 28,000.

Market, dull, dime lower.

Sheep	$3.60	to	$4.00

Lambs, dime to 15 lower.

Lambs	3.50	to	4.50

Decatur Markets.

Wholesale Prices.

Lemons, 300 size	$3.75	to	$4.00
Apples (per barrel)	3.50	to	5.00
Northern potatoes, bu	.90	to	1.00
Cabbage, per lb	.01½	to	.02
Eggs, per dozen	.15	to	.16
Bananas, bunch	1.75	to	2.00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	2.75	to	3.00
Onions, bushel	1.35	to	1.50
Grapes, per basket	.15	to	.20
Cranberries, per bbl	7.50	to	7.50

PAID BY GROCERS.

Eggs	.20	to	
Eggs	.15	to	.16
Lard	.11		

GRAIN.

New corn, white, 75 to 80 pounds	.54	to	
New corn, yellow	.52	to	
Corn, old white	.54	to	
Corn, old mixed	.52	to	
Wheat, soft	.70	to	
Wheat, hard	.68	to	
Oats, white	.40	to	
Oats, mixed	.38	to	
Rye	.50	to	

POULTRY—LIVE WEIGHT.

Receipts are heavy. In hens and springs; turkeys slow, demand being small; eggs in strong demand.

Hens, per lb	.05	to	
Springs	.06	to	
Cocks	.03	to	
Ducks	.06	to	
Turkeys, young, not less than 10 pounds	.08	to	
Turkeys, old	.04	to	.06
Geese	.08	to	
Eggs	.19	to	

WHOLESALE HAY AND STRAW.

Timothy Hay, per ton	$10.00	to	$13.00
Clover Hay, per ton	8.00	to	8.50
Oat Straw, per ton	4.50	to	5.00
Shredded fodder	5.50	to	6.00
Wheat straw, per ton	3.50	to	4.00

BUTCHER STOCK.

Hogs, per 100 lb	4.60	to	5.25
Calves	3.50	to	4.50
Shipping cattle	3.00	to	4.00
Cows	2.00	to	3.25
Heifers	2.50	to	3.50
Butcher steers	3.50	to	4.00
Sheep	3.50	to	
Lambs	3.50	to	3.75

HIDES AND WOOL.

Hides, No. 1 green, lb	.07	to	
Horse hides, each	2.00	to	2.50
Mule hides, each	1.50	to	
Calf hides, lb	.06½	to	
Colt hides	1.00	to	
Cured hides, lb	.06½	to	
Wool, lb	.14	to	.16

RETAIL PRICES.

FEED.

Oats	.45	to	.50
Corn	.65	to	.70
Linseed oil meal, cwt	1.65	to	1.75
New corn	.63	to	.70

HAY AND STRAW.

Timothy, per cwt	.75		
Clover, per cwt	.60	to	.65
Oats straw, per cwt	.50	to	.60
Wheat straw	.50	to	.55
Threshed timothy, per cwt	.50	to	

WILLOW BARK TREATMENT For Drunkenness, Morphine and Tobacco Habits, Purely vegetable treatment; has cured thousands; has injured none. Incorporated under the laws of Illinois, established over nine years.

WILLOW BARK CO.,
Write for literature. DANVERS, ILL.

$000 yards 1¼ yard wi heavy bleac ed Muslin worth 10c y Everywhere To day, pe yd.....

We have a ing Sacques, derdown Sac Sacque, worth for.....

A special goo stripes we pla for.....

LADIES' SUITS

The best long in the city for three styles a A good plain long, half fit worth $7.00.

One extra fine a special fine length, regula $12.50. Our s price..... The full 45 i lined, stores o the Irish Fric larger cities s $50.00, but on house doing l price this week..... Our stock of Capes is com lens and Beav Call and selec the people wh price.

100 fine Pedest sou at prices heard of befor A full size si made of wool would be chea special price this week..... A fine Bounce sizes, a skirt value, worth $ close the lot a The better P show in brow black. Our s prices are $4.5 Ladies' Knits, and sizes. Th gain come in

THE PLACE TO SAVE

An all wool, fot suit in si ed. An eleg

$

The new mi padded shou and wide sk olive and bl line stripes, which wear well—

$

Elegant all black and fancy worste enough for may want t and—

$

Fine black suitable for The new $16.50, $15

Men

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

reliable Silk man-
represent in De-
on, sample pieces
The goods will be
thoroughly and
ommunity, we are
mely low prices:

value 75c
" 85c
" $1
" $1.25

yard

yard

C yd

IVING
e double satin damask, the
at $1.25 yd.
s to match at $3.50

oen border large size din-
this sale only $1.48 doz.
ets fancy colored borders, 1
s and 1 table cloth at $2.65

s variety of fine table sets
per set to $20 per set.
ng cloths, all linen and fine
ask only 30c each.
n linen Hemstitched table
$2.00 to $3.00 each.
mercerized after dinner
98c to $1.08 each.
fancy all linen hemstitched
vels from 17c to 48c each.
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WILLOW BARK CO.,
Write for literature. DANVERS, ILL.

springs, turkeys slow, demand being small, eggs in strong demand.

Hens, per lb	.05	to	
Springs	.09	to	
Cocks	.03	to	
Ducks	.09	to	
Turkeys, young, not less than 10 pounds	.09	to	
Turkeys, old	.04	to	.06
Geese	.03	to	
Eggs	.19	to	

WHOLESALE HAY AND STRAW.

Timothy Hay, per ton	10 00	to	$13.00
Clover Hay per ton	8.00	to	8.50
Oat Straw, per ton	4.50	to	5.00
Shredded fodder	5.50	to	6.00
Wheat straw, per ton	3.50	to	4.00

BUTCHER STOCK.

Hogs, per 100 lb	4 50	to	5.23
Calves	3.50	to	4.50
Shipping cattle	3.00	to	4.00
Cows	2.00	to	3.25
Heifers	2.50	to	3.50
Butcher steers	3.50	to	4.00
Sheep	3.50	to	
Lambs	3.50	to	3.75

HIDES AND WOOL.

Hides, No. 1 green, lb	$ .07	to	
Horse hides, each	2.00	to	2.50
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Calf hides, lb	.08½	to	
Colt hides, lb	1.00	to	
Cured hides, lb	.08½	to	
Wool, lb	.14	to	.16

RETAIL PRICES.
FEED.

Oats	.45	to	.50
Corn	.65	to	.70
Linseed oil meal, cwt	1.65	to	1.75
New corn	.65	to	.70

HAY AND STRAW.

Timothy, per cwt	.75		
Clover, per cwt	.60	to	.63
Oats straw, per cwt	.35	to	.40
Wheat straw	.30	to	.38
Threshed timothy, per cwt	50	to	

2000 yards of 1¼ yard wide heavy bleached Muslin worth 10c yd. Everywhere. Today, per yd..... 6c

Hinman Bros Co.
DECATUR, ILL.

Dress Goods, Wool Waist Goods, Jacket Suits, Skirts, Blankets, and Millinery. Prices cut deeper than ever.

We Make the Low Price while You Need the Goods.

We have a line of Ladies' Dressing Sacques, special prices on Elderdown Sacques. A good plain Sacque, worth $1.25 for 98c
A special good sacque in fancy stripes we place on sale for $1.25

LADIES' JACKETS, SUITS AND SKIRTS.

The best long Irish Frieze Jacket in the city for the price. We have three styles and prices.
A good plain Cheviot Jacket, 27 in. long, half fitting back, worth $7.00. Now $4.98
One extra fine Satin or Silk lined, a special fine Jacket in 27 inch length, regular value everywhere $12.50. Our special price $9.75
The full 45 inch Skinner Satin lined storm or plain collar semi-fine Irish Frieze, the swell cloth, larger cities are showing them at $20.00 but owing to our small expense doing business price this week $14.75
Our stock of other Jackets and Capes is complete and the Rain Coats and Reefers will please you.
Call and select a jacket as we are the people who name the low price.
100 fine Pedestrian Skirts to show you at prices and qualities never heard of before.
A full size circular flounce skirt made of good Melton Cloth, would be cheap for $3.00, our special price $1.98
this week
A fine flounce Serge Skirt, all sizes, a skirt we purchased ..... value, worth $2.50. To close the lot all go for $2.48
The better Pedestrian Skirts we show in brown, blue, ... black. Our special prices are $1.98 $2.98 ..... $2.98
Ladies Suits. We have all kinds and sizes. The way to get a bargain come in and select the kind you want. We will name a price that will surprise you.
We have the new Browns in a few swell suits. Prices are $20.00. As low as $5.98
Furs. From 98c for a scarf to a fine Electric Seal Jacket, with beaver collar, worth $60
A special Brown Martin Scarf, worth $3. We have 25 left. We offer for the extreme low price of $1.98

LADIES' GOLF GLOVES

Now is the time to buy. We have them in the new colors. White, grey, red, navy and mixtures
A good value for children 25c
A few dozen Ladies' Golf Gloves for 35c
The prettiest line in the city for 50c

YARNS, YARNS.

Now we are to the front with Yarns. 200 skeins white and colored Saxony Yarn. Choice of the lot, per skein 4c
100 boxes the B & B. Worsted Saxony Yarn. Retails for 8c everywhere. This week, all colors 5c
2000 skeins Royal and India Shetland Floss, instead of 12½c per skein, our price 7½c
100 pounds Germantown Yarn in all colors, instead of 25c per skein, our special price 19c

BARGAINS IN UNDERWEAR.

500 Children's Fleeced Lined Pants and Vests. Sizes 4 to 12 years, the 25c kind we place the lot on sale this week for 12½c
Misses' fleeced Union Suits, all sizes, good value this week 25c
We have the best Egyptian Combed Yarn Ribbed Vests, all sizes, heavy fleeced. As good as a great many 35c vests. Our price 25c
OUR CELEBRATED SEAL LINED UNDERWEAR. Extra heavy fleeced. We are sole agents. Vests and Pants for children. Union Suits for all sizes. The best heavy vest for ladies in the city 49c
Our Union Suits we show you at all prices. Heavy 65c kind for 45c
The finest fancy ribbed Union Suit that sells for $1. our price now 75c
Better ones in all kinds.

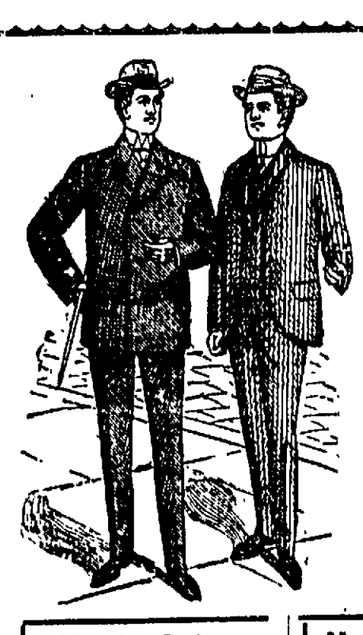
MILLINERY, MILLINERY.

Our Millinery Department is booming. Why? Because we show you the best goods for the money that can be had.
All $3.00 and $3.50 Trimmed Hats our special prices this week to reduce stock.. $2.48
The finest lot of fancy trimmed hats ever shown in Decatur for the price. All $5.00 and $6.00 hats special this week $3.98
Choice of any of our $8.00 to $10 Hats, ready to wear special price this week $4.98

SPECIALS.

100 boxes fine Glycerine Toilet Soap, 3 bars of soap to the box, worth 15c box now 9c
3000 pairs fine heavy fleeced hose for ladies, 12½c quality, mill run, now per pair 7c
100 fine Jute Smyrna Rugs, 30x60 in. large size, the $2.00 Rug. Our special price. $1.19
500 B2D COMFORTERS. Full large size, made of good calico, filled with good cotton, regular $1.25 quality. Special this week 98c
Better Comforters in all kinds and qualities, 98c to $3.00.

THE PLACE TO SAVE MONEY — Hinman Bros Co. DECATUR, ILL. — 151 N. Water STREET



B. STINE CLOTHING CO. 245-249 N. WATER ST.

THE RIGHT CLOTHING AT THE Right Prices

This is the famous combination for which this store is noted. No use buying poor clothing at any price. No use buying good Clothing at extravagant prices. You will not have to do either if you will COME here.

Men's Suits

An all wool, black, fast dye, cheviot suit in single or double breasted. An elegant $10 suit—
$8.50
The new military cut suits, broad padded shoulders, tight cut waist and wide skirt. The new brown, olive and blue shades with chalk line stripes. Elegant cassimeres which wear well, fit well and look well—
$12.50
Elegant all wool worsteds, in plain black and blue, in birdseye and fancy worsteds. Suits that are fine enough for any purpose that you may want them for at $18, $10.50 and—
$15.00
Fine black unfinished worsteds, suitable for wedding or dress suits. The new things at $20, $18, $16.50, $15 and—
$12.00

Men's Overcoats

Black and blue kersey overcoats. A dandy and well worth $8.50. Our price—
$5.75
This year we have made special effort to get an overcoat to beat any $10 one shown in the city. We have done so and show one that no other can touch at—
$8.50
The new oxford gray frieze overcoat, made with quilted lining, a bargain, and a decided one, at—
$10.00
Yoke coats, Kitchener coats and the long full back box coats. The best tailored, the best materials and the finest overcoat shown in the city. They are on the backs of the best dressed men in town. $20, $18, $16, $14.50 and—
$12.50

Child's Suits

We wish to call the special attention of mothers to our children's department. In suits we are showing big lines in all the new styles from $7 to—
$2.50
Russian blouse, automobile, and yoke overcoats for children from $6.50 to—
$3
If you are looking for new nobby things for children, and wish them to be dressed well at little expense you can not afford to buy until you see what we have to show you.

Men's Underwear

Men's fleece lined and derby rib underwear 72 different styles, good warm underwear, heavily fleeced, bought direct from the mills thereby saving the jobbers' profit...50c
Fine all wool underwear, both in two-piece and union suits, anything that you may want from $5 a suit to.....$1

GATHMANN'S GUN

In the Tests Made Saturday Failed to Come Up to Expectations.

WAS GIVEN AN EXTRA TRIAL

And In That Test Asserted He Had Justified His Claims

New York, Nov. 10.—The Gathmann aerial torpedo and big 18-inch gun was tried at the proving grounds, Sandy Hook, again today. Two shots were fired and the heavy charge of wet guncotton, with which each shell was loaded, detonated. The first torpedo fired did not damage the plate or backing to any great extent. The second was more successful, cracking the plate from top to bottom, doing considerable damage to the bracing. Each shell contained 500 pounds of wet guncotton and 216 pounds of powder were used to drive them from the gun. Gathmann was greatly disappointed by the result. He made a careful examination of the gun, and after satisfying himself it was in good order, asked to be allowed to fire another shot and permission being given immediately made preparations for another trial.

New York, Nov. 10.—On the fourth trial the gun fired with 310 pounds of powder, which gave the projectile a muzzle velocity of 40,000 foot tons. It was directed to the left side of the plate, and when the shell hit the cofferdam it was considerably damaged, several bolts knocked off and the end of the plate which was struck was shifted about a foot and a half. The back of the plate was also cracked. Gathmann claims a partial victory.

DYNAMITE A TRAIN

Unexplained Attempt to Wreck Express Train in Pennsylvania.

York, Pa., Nov. 10.—The Southwestern express on the Northern Central railway, due in this city at 10:40 p. m., was wrecked last night by a charge of dynamite placed under the track near Black Ridge, a short distance north of York. The train was running at the rate of fifty miles an hour when the explosion occurred. Passengers on the train were severely shocked, and consternation prevailed. All escaped injury. A piece of rail two and a half feet long was blown out of the track, and three coaches were derailed and drawn over the ties a distance of 200 feet before the train was brought to a stop. The engine had its headlight blown off, and the windows of the cab were shattered. The trucks under the express car, and the day coach were badly wrecked.

Four Pullman cars, a day coach, a combination car and an express car composed the train. The spot where the wreck occurred is surrounded by hills on one side and the Codorus creek on the other, and is one of the loniest places between Harrisburg and Baltimore. It is supposed the object of the perpetrators was robbery. The police advance the theory that the robbers had set the dynamite for the Buffalo express, which is said to carry considerable money, but for some unaccountable reason the train passed over the charge without exploding it.

A hole was blown in the road bed large enough to bury a man. Where the rails were broken they were cut off as if done by shears. The passengers were greatly shocked, many throwing themselves on the floor of the car until the train stopped. A panic prevailed among the passengers until they were assured that the danger was over.

BANK ROBBERS CAUGHT.

Men Operating in Iowa Landed Near Sioux Rapids.

Sioux City, Nov. 10.—The bank of Greenville, nine miles north of Sioux Rapids, was broken into last night and the vault safe blown open and the contents taken. The bank carried a comparatively small amount on hand. The robbers are supposed to have escaped on a hand car. The building was wrecked. The robbers were found in the depot at Albert City this afternoon by officers and a posse. When ordered to surrender the robbers opened fire on the officers, wounding C. J. Lodine, city marshal, and John Sunbland, a business man. One robber was fatally shot by the posse. The other two robbers escaped to the country, and meeting a farmer with a team, compelled him to drive them east until the team played out, where they met another farmer, whom they compelled to take them further. They were overtaken by a posse from Albert City and headed off by the posse from Laurens and surrendered. The robbers were taken to Storm Lake for safe keeping. Two are white and one a mulatto. The bank is insured against burglars for three thousand dollars, which will cover the loss. The amount of money found on the robbers is unknown.

THEY ARE CRYING FAKE

Sports Who Attended Jeffries-Ruhlin Bout Think They Were Defrauded.

San Francisco, Nov. 10.—The town is still talking of the Jeffries-Ruhlin fight and the men who paid over $30,000 into the box office have come to the conclusion that they were defrauded. Ruhlin was pitifully outclassed and the wonder is that he was ever induced to enter the ring with Jeffries. The contest did not demonstrate much except that Ruhlin is not a high class man. Jeffries had hardly any opportunity to show what he could do if he was pushed. Next month Jeffries meets Tom Sharkey before the San Francisco Athletic club.

INSANE IN LONDON.

Wealthy Young Woman of New York Held as a Wandering Lunatic.

New York, Nov. 10.—Mrs. John Vanderbilt Wackerman of Buffalo sailed for England today to be with her daughter Helen, who recently became insane in London.

London, Nov. 10.—Helen Vanderbilt Wackerman of New York, who was taken to St. Giles infirmary Wednesday as a wandering lunatic, and privately examined by a justice of the peace, is spending her days within the walls of the workhouse, in one of the grimiest parts of London. She is an inmate of the insane ward, where her companions, with one exception, are decrepit, old women, suffering from senile dementia. The exception, who is a wealthy, well connected English woman, was brought in a day after Miss Wackerman's arrival, suffering from a somewhat similar complaint, which in Miss Wackerman's case was diagnosed as melancholia. Miss Wackerman remains in care of the authorities until Nov. 28, by which time it is hoped some of her relatives will reach London. The United States consulate is watching over Miss Wackerman's interests.

IMMIGRANTS BETTER CLASS

During Last Year—Italy's Contributions Increased Three Fold.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The annual report of Commissioner General Powderly, of the immigration bureau, shows the total of steerage arrivals in the United States during the year to be 487,018, an increase over the preceding year of 89,340, or approximately 9 per cent. Of this increase, 2,020 came through the Canadian ports. There were also 74,060 other alien passengers who came in cabin, making a total of 562,808. The ratio of increase of Italian immigration, compared with last year, is approximately 30 per cent, or more than three fold the ratio of increase from all Europe, and the increases numerically from all other countries of Europe aggregate scarcely one-fourth that from Italy. The character of the immigration is decidedly superior to that of last year, the rejections being 730 less, although the arrivals were 39,346 more.

REAR END COLLISION

Fast Passenger Train Runs Into Rear End of a Milk Train.

Elgin, Ill., Nov. 10.—The Chicago-Great Western east bound limited collided today with the Sycamore milk train at Marshall's crossing, four miles west of St. Charles. Rose Root, aged 18, of Sycamore, was instantly killed and the lower part of her body was cremated. A Chicago traveling man named Murphy was probably fatally injured. Simon Chaffee of Wasco, Ill., and the engineer of the limited were seriously injured. Several others were slightly injured.

The limited running at fifty miles per hour, dashed around a sharp curve into the milk train. The rear coach was thrown upon the top of the limited's engine. It immediately caught fire and was consumed. The engineer and fireman saved their lives by jumping, but the former was seriously injured. The limited was derailed, but the passengers escaped with slight bruises.

Religious Education.

Iowa City, Nov. 10.—The first annual conference of the American Society of Religious Education convened here today, State Superintendent R. C. Barrett presiding. President George E. MacLean delivered the address of welcome. Addresses were made by J. E. Gilbert of Washington; Will H. Davidson, editor of the Burlington Hawkeye; President Charles E. Shelton of Simpson college; Professor Thomas Nicholson of Cornell college.

Short papers were read by President S. B. McCormick, Coe college; President W. M. Beardshear, Iowa state college; Superintendent S. H. Sheakly, Des Moines; Professor F. E. Bolton, University Iowa; C. J. Keppart, state superintendent Sunday School association. At the evening session brief papers were read by President John Gordon, Tabor college; Professor Jesse Macy, Iowa college, followed by general discussion on character building. The permanent organization has been effected by electing George E. MacLean, president; E. C. Barrett, Des Moines, vice president; Rev. George L. Cady, Iowa City, secretary.

Hancock Uninjured.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The quartermaster general of the army has received the following:

"Nagasaki—The Hancock grounded on a sandbar at the entrance of the Inland Sea. She was floated at high tide today, uninjured. Will go to the relief of the Warren at once. "BAXTER."

The last sentence means the Hancock will join the Warren at Kobe, take her passengers, including the congressional party, and bring them to the United States.

Press Helped Them.

Fort Worth, Nov. 10.—At today's session of the W. C. T. U. convention, Mrs. Minnie Barker of Hornung, Ill., in charge of the press work, reported 474,408 columns of temperance news sent out during the past year, as compared with 30,000 the year before.

Schooners Missing.

St. Johns, Nov. 10.—The fishing schooners Nimbus and Campana, with crews aggregating twenty-three men, are missing. It is feared they were lost in the recent gale.

Crescens Fails.

Denver, Nov. 10.—Crescens, the famous trotter, failed to lower his record at Overland park mile track today, but made a new record, 2:08, for the track.

OAKLAND PARK SITE

Selected by the Local Board of The James Millikin University—The Dunham and Rogers Tracts Added.

The James Millikin university, of which a handsome picture from the press of The Herald is this morning presented to every reader, will be located in Oakland park. The question of a site which has agitated the people of the city for weeks past was finally settled Saturday afternoon when President I. R. Mills of the local board of control, made the following statement:

"The site for the James Millikin university has been selected and the new university will be erected at Oakland park. Contracts were secured today for the purchase of the Dunham tract immediately west of the park and for the south half of the Rogers tract immediately north, and these three tracts taken together will constitute the grounds of the new university.

This may be a surprise to some people and a disappointment to others. At first and for a long time the board favored the McClellan site, and at one time that site was practically agreed upon, but the later opinion of the architects favoring the Oakland park site, with the known preference of Mr. and Mrs. Millikin, in the event that it could be utilized, and made available, settled the matter in the minds of the board.

"The board has been assured by the architects that the Oakland park site is suitable and can be made a most beautiful and attractive place, and it is hoped that the future will justify them in this opinion.

"The board desires to thank those that have submitted most generous propositions in the way of sites, and to say that it has done, every thing considered, what it thought was best for the present and for the future of the university."

CAUSE OF DELAY.

The delay of the board in making a final selection was owing to an unusual condition of affairs. Negotiations were in progress for three different tracts of land—the McClellan homestead, the Dunham tract and the Rogers tract. Each of these belonged to an estate, and consequently instead of having to deal with a single individual it was necessary to deal with numerous persons having an interest in the different tracts of land. This naturally made progress slow, and it was not until Saturday afternoon that the last heir interested signed the necessary papers.

THIRTY-FIVE ACRES.

There are thirty-five acres in the site chosen. Oakland park embraces sixteen acres, the Dunham tract thirteen acres and a fraction, and the Rogers tract five acres. The cost of the Dunham tract, which is situated west of the park, was $7,300, and of the Rogers tract which adjoins the park on the north $4,000. This will give the university grounds a frontage of 1,200 feet on Oakland avenue and 1,320 feet on West Main street. All members of the board are satisfied that the site finally selected will, in a completed state, make a beautiful surrounding for the handsome buildings. It will undoubtedly prove popular with the people in general and to the persons who subscribed to the university. From the start it was generally accepted that Oakland park would be the site.

THE NEXT STEP.

Now that the important matter of a site has been determined the next step will be the construction of the buildings. This work will begin early in the new year. The principal group of buildings, embracing the liberal arts, domestic science and engineering buildings, will first be erected. They will be located at a point in Oakland park about fifty feet east of the Dunham barn. The Liberal Arts building will be 225 feet back from West Main street, and the other two buildings 200 feet. Following these will come the Library, located southeast of the Domestic Science building, and the Chapel, located southwest of the Engineering building. These buildings will be 135 feet back from the street.

North of the first group of buildings will be the shop building of the engineering department, the gymnasium and the power and heating plant, plans for which are now being gotten out by the architects, Patton & Miller of Chicago.

ATHLETIC FIELD.

The Rogers tract on the north is designed for an athletic field. It is a level piece of ground and admirably fitted for the purpose intended.

The local board has in mind numerous plans for the development of the grounds. Driveways, walks and flower beds will contribute their share to the beauty of the surroundings. Oakland park is a gift from Mr. Millikin to the university. Its value is placed at $15,000. In this matter Mr. Millikin acted in the same spirit of generosity that has marked his course since first announcing his gift. As a matter of fact, he preferred Oakland park, that place having been originally donated by him, but he said that the site was a matter for the board to determine and that he would be content with their selection. For this university Mr. Millikin has now given $250,000, the site for the Decatur college and the promise of $100,000 when the Cumberland Presbyterian church shall have raised an additional $50,000. There is no doubt that this will be done.

Inventor's Wife Dead.

New York, Nov. 10.—Mrs. Sarah Elisabeth Griswold Morse, widow of Professor Samuel F. B. Morse, inventor of the telegraph, died at Berlin, Germany, Thursday. She was Morse's second wife and was 79 years old.

GERMANY MUCH INTERESTED

In Reported American Control of German Steamships—Mysterious Meeting.

Berlin, Nov. 10.—Considerable mystery prevails regarding the meeting of the directors of the ocean steamship companies at the Hotel Bristol last evening. The meeting, apparently, was unexpectedly called. Ballin, the director of the Hamburg-American line, Playthe, president of North German Lloyd line, came first, and was received by the emperor; then the other directors and secretaries were summoned. A representative of the government also attended the meeting. The Kleines Journal says the ocean company's directors had a conference and discussed ways and means of preventing the increasing American influence over the German lines. The paper adds that New York capitalists purchased several million marks of shares in the Hamburg-American line during the past few weeks, but the excitement caused by the reported purchase by the New York Life Insurance company of over five million marks of the North German Lloyd company's obligations, the Kleines Journal considers unjustified, since the purchase does not affect the shares. The Tageblatt today prints an official denial from the North German Lloyd company, that the company has sold its obligations to the New York Insurance company.

Iowa Wins From Grinnell.

Iowa City, Ia., Nov. 10.—Iowa defeated Grinnell college today, 17 to 11, in the fastest game of the season. This was the last of the Iowa championship series, Iowa comes out with a clean record, having won every game played. The contest was anyone's game to the last. Iowa's line smashes were not uniformly successful for often Grinnell broke up Iowa's plays before they were fairly started. At times Iowa made big gains most frequently through Grinnell's left end and tackle, but was forced to punt in many instances. Grinnell experienced the same difficulty, but in the exchange of punts the advantage was clearly Grinnell's.

Forger Caught.

New York, Nov. 10.—A man said to be O. B. Wheeler, Jr., was arrested today, suspected of trying to negotiate with Wall street banks and brokers worthless notes amounting in the aggregate to $103,000, on which the names of Potter Palmer and other prominent Chicago men are alleged to have been forged. The prisoner refused to give any address and declares he acted in good faith in trying to negotiate the notes. He was locked up at police headquarters tonight.

Mayor Disqualified.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 10.—Mayor W. D. Morris pleaded guilty in the police court today to the charge of buying liquor during prohibited hours. He was fined $5 and $2 costs and told the court he accepted the disqualification which the conviction involved. He is no longer mayor of the capital and is disqualified for two years.

Rude School Boys.

Madrid, Nov. 10.—A violent demonstration against the ministry was made here by students today. The disturbance was quelled by the police, but not until the street cars had been stoned, shop windows smashed and many pedestrians injured.

Nine Months of Horror.

Joliet, Nov. 10.—Convict Adam Geyer, who killed Convict William Wood in the state prison February last, has gone insane as a result of nine months' solitary confinement, and will be sent to the insane prison. The murder charge will be stricken from the docket.

Speaker Arrives.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Speaker David B. Henderson of Iowa arrived this afternoon and took up his old quarters at the Normandie hotel. He came direct from his home at Dubuque. Mrs. Henderson will follow him shortly.

Newton, Kas., Nov. 17.—The Newton lumber yard and Phillips building, occupied by Duff & Duff, furniture, was destroyed by fire today. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion of a barrel of tar. J. Stine, an employe, was probably fatally injured by an explosion. Loss, $150,000.

New York, Nov. 10.—The Evening Post celebrated the centennial of its first publication by issuing a special edition today, accompanied by a fac-simile of the Evening Post, Nov. 16, 1801. A number of men prominent in public life gave a complimentary luncheon to the editorial staff and officers of the paper. Among those present were Archbishop Corrigan, John G. Carlisle, Levi P. Morton, J. Pierpont Morgan, Whitelaw Reid, Andrew Carnegie and Corpelius Bliss.

FUTURE HEROES.

Cambridge, Nov. 10.—The Harvard freshmen easily defeated the Yale freshmen this afternoon, 35 to 6. Harvard was superior in every department and also had the advantage in weight. Yale's score was made on a thirty yard run around the right end. Harvard showed better team work and made

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FARMERS COLUMN

MONEY TO LOAN—I have $4500 to loan on farm lands at a low rate of interest. J. C. Hostetler, 145 North Water street, Decatur, Ill.—15-w2t

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE—Estate of Jackson Williams, deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administrators of the estate of Jackson Williams, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois deceased, hereby give notice that they will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the December term, on the first Monday in December next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1901.

MARY RIESER,
JASPER WILLIAMS,
Administrators.

oct 11-3w

WANTED—Everybody to know that the only place to get a square meal for 15 cents is at Myers restaurant, 151 North Water street, Decatur, Illinois.—oct15-wtf

MASTER'S SALE. State of Illinois, Moultrie county, ss. Moultrie county circuit court, September term, A. D. 1901.

Joseph Foster a s. Walter Eden, et al.: On bill to foreclose mortgage. No. 5201.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled case in the said court, at the September term, A. D. 1901, I, George A. Sentel, master in chancery for said court, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the west door of the court house in Sullivan, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Moultrie and state of Illinois, to-wit: The southwest quarter of block one of Cantield's addition to the town, now city, of Sullivan.

That on the same day at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in Decatur in Macon county, Illinois, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Macon and state of Illinois, to-wit: Lot ten in block seven in Smith & Co. addition to the city of Decatur, Illinois; also lots twelve and thirteen in block one in Plant & Tuttle's addition to the city of Decatur, except ten feet off the north side of said lot thirteen; also lot thirteen in block nine of Smith & Co. addition to the city of Decatur; also, lot one in block one in H. A. Wood's addition of outlots to the city of Decatur, Illinois. Tract in Sullivan being subject to a mortgage for $1,000.00 and the next three tracts in Decatur being subject to mortgages aggregating $2,000.00.

Said premises will be sold together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

Dated October 25th, A. D. 1901.

GEO. A. SENTEL,
Master in Chancery.

E. J. Miller, Solicitor for Complainant. Eden & Martin, Solicitors for Complainants in cross bill. nov1-w4w

WANTED—Carriage painting and trimming, all kinds of vehicles put in first class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest in colors and styles. Leave please with J. L. English 122 North Church street. oct22-6t

MASTER IN CHANCERY'S SALE. State of Illinois, Macon county, ss. In the circuit court.

Richard J. Dickinson et al, complainant, vs. John P. Dilling, defendant. In chancery. No. 18632.

Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Macon county, in the state of Illinois, entered in the above entitled cause at the October term of said court, A. D. 1901, I, James J. Finn, master in chancery of said court, will on Wednesday, December 18th, 1901, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the north door of the court house on East Wood street, in the city of Decatur in said county, offer for sale at public vendue to the highest and best bidder the real estate in said decree ordered to be sold, being described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots nine (9) and ten (10) in section sixteen (16), township seventeen (17) north range three (3) east of the 3rd principal meridian, and otherwise described as the north half (½) of the southeast quarter of said section sixteen (16), containing eighty acres, all in the county of Macon and state of Illinois.

Terms of sale: The land will be sold subject to a mortgage given to secure a note for $1700 on the 27th day of August, 1898, payable five years after date with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and also subject to the interest on said note after the 1st day of March, 1902, and also subject to the taxes for the year 1901.

Possession of said land will be given on the first day of March, 1902.

Terms of payment: One thousand dollars cash must be paid on day of sale; five hundred dollars on the first day of March, 1902, and the balance of the purchase money shall be paid March 1st, 1903, and be secured by mortgage on the property sold. But the purchaser may pay all cash on day of sale or on the first day of March, 1902, if he so desires.

Dated at Decatur, Illinois, this 18th day of November, A. D. 1901.

JAMES J. FINN,
Master in Chancery.

J. Albert Briggs and Mills Bros., Complainant's Solicitors. nov19-w4w

FOR SALE—I am authorized to offer for sale a choice farm belonging to the estate of Amelia L. Kraft, located about seven miles southwest of Decatur, a mile and a half north east of Boody, described as follows: The west half (½) of the southeast half (¼) and the east half (½) of the west half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) of section one (1) township fifteen (15) north, range one east of the third principal meridian, also, a residence property in the City of Decatur described as the east half (½) of lot five (5) in block one (1) of southwestern addition to the City of Decatur.

Separate bids in writing for each property will be received by me until November 20, when the properties will be sold to the highest bidder.

Terms of sale, one-half cash, one-half, one year, with interest at six per cent, or all cash.

The farm consists of one hundred and seventeen acres of fine farm land with a new eight room house, with bath room, and water in it. Large new barn with driveway through center, new windmill and other improvements. City property is a large two story house of eight rooms situated on West Wood street, within four blocks of the court-house.

Abstracts showing merchantable title to date of transfer furnished.

For further particulars inquire at my office, 163 E. Eldorado St., Decatur, Ill. —Oct14-7t Geo. W. Kraft.

A Sad Face.

Mr. Bilkins: "What a sad face that woman has."

Mrs. Bilkins: "Yes, poor thing. She has either loved and lost, or loved and got him."—London Fun.

DR. J. N. SHALLENBERGER

The Regular and Reliable Specialist Who Has Visited Adjacent Towns Ever Month Since 1891.

Cures permanently the cases he undertakes and sends the incurable home without taking a fee from them. This is why he continues his visits year after year while other specialists have made a few visits and ceased to return.



An eminently successful specialist in all chronic cases, proven by the many cures effected in chronic cases, which had baffled the skill of all other physicians, will be at the

HOTEL BRUNSWICK

Opposite the Court House, Decatur Ill.

NOVEMBER 20, 1901

(One day only) and return every 28 days.

Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

Dr. Shallenberger's hospital experience and extensive practice has made him so proficient that he can name and locate a disease in a few moments.

He treats all curable cases of catarrh, nose, throat, and lung diseases, eye and ear, stomach, liver and kidneys, gravel, rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, nervous and heart diseases, blood and skin diseases, Bright's disease, and consumption in early stages, diseases of bladder and female organs.

STAMMERING Cured and return pos vented.

A never failing remedy for Big Neck.

Every case of PILES, FISTULAE and RUPTURE guaranteed cured without DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Sexual Weakness and Private Diseases a Specialty

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Stricture, Gleet Spermatorrhoea, Seminal weakness, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Lost Manhood and the effects of Early Vice or Excess, producing Emissions, Debility, Dizziness, Defective Memory.

They are POSITIVELY CURED. No return of the trouble.

Wonderful Cures

Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures.

He undertakes no incurable cases, but cures thousands given up to die.

Consultation Free and Confidential

DR. J. N. SHALLENBERGER

145 Oakwood Boulevard Flat 13, Chicago, Ill.

References—Oakland National bank of Chicago.

THE LEAGUE MEETING.

President Dan Dineen, and Secretary Reddick Going to Chicago Tomorrow.

President Dan Dineen and Secretary C. M. Reddick and J. H. Miller, vice president of the Three I league will go to Chicago tomorrow to attend the meeting of the league.

The meeting will be held at the Palmer house and will be in session for at least two days. A number of matters of importance will come up for consideration. There has been some talk that M. H. Sexton would not again be a candidate for the office of president but the delegates from this city think that there is no question but that he will be elected.

Short Personal Stories.

Sousa made his first appearance at the age of 11. Even then he had enough self confidence to desire opportunity to display his talents in public, and his music master arranged for him to play a violin solo at a concert given to the patients in a lunatic asylum. On preparing for the evening, however, he found that there was no starched white shirt available for him. In despair he sought out his music master, who finally enveloped the boy in one of his own, many sizes too large. Thus incased, and terribly nervous, he faced the expectant audience of lunatics. "It seemed to me," he told a friend, "that there were about 2,000,000 people in that room." As he raised the violin to his chin, the shirt began to wobble up around his neck, and the cuffs to descend upon his fingers. After about a minute's playing he broke down entirely and overwhelmed with confusion and that triumphant white garment—fled the platform.

After the performance there was a supper, and the boys who had played were invited. Young Sousa reckoned to bury his troubles under the good things on the table, but before they came into the supper room his teacher came to him and said: "This is a complimentary supper in return for the favor of appearing here tonight. After that performance of yours, I don't want to see you touch a thing." "And all through that meal," says Sousa, "I could see that his eye was fixed upon me, and I had to refuse dainty after dainty, pretending to my companions that I had had so good a dinner before I came that I wasn't hungry—which was anything but the truth."

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE IN YOUR GLOVES

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot Ease in my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder. We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot Ease. Dr. W. C. Abbott, editor of the Chicago Clinic says: "It is a grand preparation I am using it constantly in my practice." All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

SALT, PEPPER AND VINEGAR.

Every Article of Diet Recommended By Need as Well as By Flavor.

In the dining room of a down town hotel, on a recent evening, two men sat at a table with their wives. They have sat for months every evening at that same table and gossiped while they ate, says the Chicago Tribune. On this evening the men, rebelling, had forbidden gossip and conversation lagged. At last, in despair, one of the women exclaimed:

"Well, if you can't talk anything else, talk shop!"

"With pleasure, my dear!" replied her husband, and added to the other man: "Doctor, why do we put salt in our meat? Is it merely a matter of taste?"

The physician's reply, which was voted better than gossip even by the women, developed into something of a lecture or an answer-to-queries talk. This is some of it:

Why do we take salt with meat, and more with mutton than with beef, with pheasant than with partridge, with rabbit than with hare, with whiting than with mackerel?

Well, there are two chief salts in our flesh and blood and the supply has to be kept up. Those are potassium salts and sodium salts. There is sufficient of the former in the food we eat, but not of the latter. We therefore have to add the sodium salts in the form of common salt, which is sodium chloride.

Another reason why we eat common salt is that a certain quantity of hydrochloric acid is needed by the stomach for the purposes of digestion, and also to kill the microbes we swallow. This acid is manufactured in the stomach from hydrogen and the chlorine of the salt. We take more salt with some kinds of meat than with others because some naturally contain less than others.

Why do we take vinegar with salad and sometimes with cabbage?

Raw vegetables are easily enough digested by cows and horses, but with great difficulty by the human stomach, because they contain the hard, fibrous substance—cellulose. Cabbage contains such a quantity of this stuff that, even when boiled, it is almost quite indigestible. You will probably never meet a cabbage eater who does not complain of dyspepsia. But acids dissolve cellulose, and vinegar is an acid. That is why we take it with salad and cabbage; and doubtless that is why it tastes so well, for the palate is an excellent judge of what is good for the stomach. Oil or cream is added for the good reason that it protects the stomach from the biting acid.

Some people take butter with porridge, some take sugar, some take milk, and some take buttermilk. The two latter classes alone are gastronomically wise.

Our bodies need a certain quantity of nitrogenous and a certain quantity of carbonaceous foods. The porridge does not contain sufficient of the former, and the deficiency is admirably supplied by skimmed milk or buttermilk. Sugar and butter are useless for the purpose. But the butter is wanted, too, to a small extent, for neither the porridge nor the skimmed milk has enough fat. The best of all ways to take porridge, and by far the nicest when you get used to it, is to boil the oatmeal in buttermilk and eat it with cream.

Why do we take pepper, mustard, and other spices?

They tickle the glands of the stomach and make them work. Consequently they produce an abundant supply of digestive juices. They also stir up the liver—a necessary function in the case of people who live sedentary lives. The less craving you have for spices, the stronger are your digestive organs. But as you advance in years you will do well to call in the aid of the spices whether you desire them or not.

Many people use milk in tea, but few of them know it is to preserve their stomachs from the unhappy fate of being converted into leather. Of course, it is an exaggeration to suppose that the living stomach could by any means be so transformed that a pair of gloves might be made from it. The scientific facts may be stated as follows:

Whenever tannic acid and albumen meet they fall desperately in love with each other, get wedded without banns, and live together forever after as tannate of albumen, or leather. Now, there is a tannic acid in tea, and the lining of the stomach is one mass of albumen. The tannic acid weds as much of this as is allowed by the laws of chemistry. But it kills it in the process, and so far injures the stomach. But milk also contains albumen. When milk is added to tea, therefore, the molecules of tannic acid select their albumen partners from it, and, as divorce is unknown to tannate of albumen, the albumen of the stomach remains single, and so the lining is uninjured.

Iowa Farms.

Do you want an Iowa farm? If so we would be pleased to have you write or come and see us.

We have real estate offices in Pella, Marion county, and Oskaloosa, Mahaska county, Iowa, and have a large list of farms in both the above counties, and in Jasper county, ranging in price from $50 to $70 per acre. There is no better farm land in Iowa than in the above named counties. It is equal to the very best Illinois land, while the price per acre is very little more than half as much as Illinois land sells for. Write or come and see us, we will try and make it pleasant and profitable for you.

GESMAN BROS.,
Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Justice: "Will you swear that you saw the accused smoking a cigarette?"

Witness: "I don't swear, your honor, but I'll bet you $10 to $5 that he was."—Chicago News.

ADVENT

Begins Next Sunday and Ends On Christmas Day.

Advent will begin next Sunday and will end on Christmas day. The origin of this festival as a church ordinance is not clear. The first notice of advent is found in the synod of Lerida, 524 A. D., at which time marriages were interdicted from the beginning of advent until Christmas. The four Sundays of advent as observed in the Catholic church and the Church of England were probably introduced into the calendar by Gregory the Great. It was common from an early period to speak of the coming of Christ as four fold; His "first coming in the flesh," His coming at the hour of death to receive his faithful followers; His coming at the fall of Jerusalem and at the day of judgment. According to this four fold view of advent the "gospels" were chosen for the four Sundays, as was settled in the western church by the Homiliarium of Charlemagne. The festival of advent is intended to accord in spirit with the object celebrated. As mankind were once called upon to prepare themselves for the personal coming of Christ, so, according to the idea that the ecclesiastical year should represent the life of the founder of the church, Christians are exhorted during this festival to look for the spiritual advent of Christ. The Catholic church ordained that the four weeks of advent should be held as a time of penitence. During these weeks, therefore, public amusements, marriage festivities and dancing were prohibited, fasts were appointed and somber garments used in religious ceremonies.

The Royal Family in Europe.

We hear the most alarming anticipations about the health of the king. The report is going about everywhere, and it finds some sanction in the fact that the king has lost within a comparatively short space of time a brother and a sister from the fell disease which, according to popular rumor, he believes to be threatening his own life. Three of the late Queen Victoria's children died during Victoria's lifetime, and one other, the late queen's eldest daughter, widow of the late German Emperor Frederick, died only a few months after the death of her mother.

An interesting article which I have just been reading in the Dublin Freeman's Journal, the leading newspaper of Ireland, insists that one main cause of the illnesses which at present affect so many royal houses in Europe is to be found in the fact that "the sovereigns of Europe have disregarded that great law of nature which discountenances the marriages of near blood relations." The article goes on to tell us that while "there are in Europe over a score of emperors, kings, and minor reigning sovereigns * * * * all but two are the descendants of James I. of England, the only child of the marriage of Darnley and Mary, Queen of Scots."

The King of Sweden, who, as everybody knows is the descendant of Marshal Bernadotte, one of the soldiers whom the great Napoleon raised from the ranks and set upon a throne, and the Prince of Montenegro, who became a sovereign ruler within the recollection of us all, are almost the only exceptions. The result of this condition of things naturally is that European princes and princesses are compelled to marry "in and in," if I may use that colloquial expression when dealing with such a subject—in other words, have to find their marriage consorts in families more or less nearly related to their own.

At present there is hardly a European imperial or royal family which is not oppressed by serious and boding illness of some kind, and it is only reasonable to say that some explanation of this fact may be found in this system of intermarriage. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, in many ways the worst dynasty that ever ruled over England, should have left so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.—Justin McCarthy in the Independent.

Surprise Miss Childs.

In honor of Miss Grace Childs' eighteenth birthday a merry company of young people surprised her at her home, on Saturday evening. A pleasant evening was passed with music and cards and at a late hour dainty refreshments were served. Miss Grace was presented with a gold locket. The guests departed in the wee sma' hours of the morning and all expressed a wish that birthdays and surprises might come oftener. Those present were: Misses Mamie and Florence Legg, Bessie Wills, Jessie Fell, Bessie Crosley, Sadie Delashmutt, Leah Selberling, Inda Burkman and Messrs. Claude Walmsley, Jean Wilson, Chauncey Berry, Fred Pasley, Faris Wilkin, Ralph Carter, Jess McNeir, Lewis Sibley and Speed Leas.

New House.

Daniel Trimmer of La Place has just finished a handsome eight room house on the old Trimmer place, three miles north of Decatur. Mr. Trimmer has bought half of the original farm and will soon move his family to their new home.

On the Warpath.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 18.—Indians are on the warpath around the headwaters of Eagle river. They say one of their number was shot by a white hunter.

An Astonished Surgeon.

"Why, there's nothing wrong with your vermiform appendix!" remarked the surgeon after he had performed the operation.

"Nothing at all, doctor," murmured the patient, "nothing but the name of it, and you might as well cut that out."—Detroit Journal.

ESTERHAZY APPEARS AGAIN.

This Time in London As a Money Lender Though He Denies It.

A name infamous in military and police annals has again figured in the law courts, this time at London. It is none other than that of the notorious Count Walsin Esterhazy, the confessed author of the so-called "bordereau" that sent Captain Alfred Dreyfus to years of torture on Devil's Island.

A notable incident of the case is that Esterhazy is sailing in London not only under false names, but also as a money lender. His barrister stated in the Westminster county court that Esterhazy for reasons known to himself, had adopted the name of M. Vollement. But it further developed in the testimony that the self-disant count at times also adopted the cognomen of M. Roche.

Esterhazy himself confessed that he had changed his name for the purpose of throwing dust in the eyes of the French postal officials, or of the "Black Cabinet," at Paris. He did not want that they should read his letters, which he knew they would do were they addressed to him as Esterhazy. Now, however, that his identity has been disclosed, it is not improbable that the tool of Henry, of Paty du Clam and of the other forgers in the French war office, will be compelled to assume another name.

In the case in court, Esterhazy was the victim of a dishonored check. He gave his testimony in French, and an interpreter was needed to explain to Judge Horton Smith how he had been deceived in his dealings with a certain Mr. Ackerman. Esterhazy at first had lent this man £28 to make a journey to Brussels. The loan was repaid, but minus the £4 interest that Ackerman had promised.

Their acquaintance, it appeared, grew out of some interest that Ackerman had in the St. David's Development company, a concern got up for gold mining in Wales, and the intimation was given in court that "inside information" as to the value of the stock prompted the generosity of the count. It was shown, however, that on later occasions Esterhazy had loaned the defendant £34, £4, and £1, after being informed that the St. David shares would increase in value.

For these sums Ackerman gave Esterhazy a check payable to "E. Roche," though the prior check for the £28 loan was made payable to "M. Vollement." It was the "Roche" check, calling for £43, that Esterhazy found to be valueless. When sent to the bank it was returned to him indorsed, "ordered not to pay," and Ackerman proving obdurate, the suit for settlement resulted.

The judge decided in favor of Esterhazy, also placing the costs on the defendant, but how the count will recoup himself has not been determined.

A notable incident of the trial was that though Esterhazy denied that he was a money lender, still on cross examination he admitted that he would give Ackerman money "without interest," believing that thereby he should become the possessor of twenty-five shares of the St. David's concern.

Here we have the old contradictory tergiversation of the Esterhazy of the Parisian plots, of the compatriot of Mercier, Sandherr, Billot, Boisdeffre, Gobse, Pellieux, Roget, Zurlinden and the other anti-Semites who have placed an ineffaceable stain on the name of France. But the singular part of it all is that this Jew-baiter, broken gambler and debauchee should be now figuring as a lender of money (where did he get it?) in the British metropolis; and that, under two aliases at least, he should be able to conceal from the public the identity of a man despised wherever the heartless persecution of Captain Dreyfus has become known.

Nice Kind of Bacteria.

And now comes Professor Gautier, of the French Institute, and announces the discovery of the "bacteria of fatigue." Other bacteria bother the life out of humanity, by their discourteous penchant for getting into the food we eat, the water we drink, even the air that we breathe. But here comes the "bacteria of fatigue," that must be looked upon as a positive benefaction. Its sole function is to tell us at the proper time to "go and take a rest." And then, how lucky this discovery is for those people who have been reviled as being lazy and worthless. They can now afford to smile. They know, what is the matter with them. They are more to be pitied than censured, for are they not victims of the "bacteria of fatigue?"

"I didn't see you in church last Sunday."

"No, I was going, but at the very last minute I discovered that I didn't have a solitary cent for the collection."

"Is that so?"

"Yes, nothing less than a dime, and no place to get it changed."—Philadelphia Press.

Willie: "Why do they call our language the mother tongue?"

Pa: "It's because your father never gets a chance to use it."—Tit-Bits.

Haney: "Miss Stetson says she doesn't like her surroundings where she is living now. There are too many flats there, she says."

Ripley: "H'm. Does she refer to the inhabitants or only to the apartment houses?"—Boston Transcript.

"Well," she said, in some astonishment, as she looked up from the paper, "woman certainly is invading all lines of business. A girl burglar has just been caught."

"I wonder," he commented thoughtfully, "if the time is coming when timid man will be worried at night for fear there's a woman under the bed?"

When you see a young man with a mop of hair, a sweater and a bulldog pipe you can locate him without difficulty.—Chicago Tribune.

THE ARCADE

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

BIG SALE WINTER FOOTWEAR

Felt Boots and Arctics

Felt Boots $1.65
Men's felt boots, with good Rhode Island brand overs; instead of $2.00; here per pair $1.65

Men's Heavy Felts $2.5
Men's heavy felts, with rolled edge duck over; light and dark colored felts, the cheapest combination to buy; same quality sold last year at $3.00; this season $2.50
Men's felts, with two buckles, extra high overs; should sell at $3; go in this sale at per pair $2.50
Boys' felts and overs, Boston overs; sizes 1 to 5; per pair $1.65

Men's Heavy Buckle Arctics
This grade sold last year at $1.25 and $1.50; now per pair $1.00

Men's All Rubber Arctics $1.25
Men's all rubber Arctics; also rolled edge Arctics, extra heavy and best for hard usage; sold last season at $1.50; now $1.25

Men's Rubber Boots $1.95
Men's wool lined rubber boots; instead of $2.50; here $1.95

Men's Rubber Boots $2.50 and $3.00
Extra heavy rubber boots, wool or friction lined, at $2.50
The "Royal Oak" duck boot, extra duck cap, double sole, the cheapest rubber boot made, wool or friction lined; per pair $3.00

Ladies' Arctics, new fresh goods, per pair 75c
Misses' Arctics, new fresh goods 65c
Ladies' storm Alaskas, warm and dry and not as heavy as the buckle Arctics; per pair 75c
Child's Arctics and Alaskas 50c
Ladies' wool lined rubber boots $1.50
Ladies' warm lined shoes, 70c, $1.50 and $2

HEAVY WINTER CLOTHING

Duck Coats 95c
Men's duck coats, blanket lined, corduroy collar; a special at each 95c

Duck Coats at $1.50
Men's heavy duck coats, rubber interlining; men's covert coats, rubberized, water proof cloth; each $1.50
Fine covert coats, extra well finished and water proof; regular length, $2.50; overcoat length $5

Men's Fine Overcoats $8
Men's fine all wool black and blue beaver dress overcoats; exclusive styles get $10 for this grade; here $8
Men's finer overcoats, top notchers in make and style. $10, $12.50, $15, $18

MEN'S OVERCOATS

Men's Overcoats at $5
Men's dress overcoats, box style; made of oxford green mixtures, well tailored; neat and dressy; regular $7.00; going at each $5

Men's Beaver Overcoats at $6
Navy blue overcoats, neat and dressy; each $6

WINTER GLOVES

Big line of men's dress and work gloves; best that we have ever shown and unusual values at the prices quoted.
Men's gloves, lined or unlined 25c
Men's gloves, calf skin face; should sell for 75c pair; one of our leaders, at per pair 50c
Men's mittens, 5c, 10c, 25c, 50c, 65c, 75c and $1
Men's fine gloves, dress styles, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.50

WINTER POTATOES

Today we are unloading the nicest, soundest and ripest car of potatoes that have come to this city this year. They are fine, large, smooth, ripe, Michigan Rurals, fine cookers and ripe. The price of potatoes advances almost every day, so we can give price for today only. We are now selling for 80 cents a bushel, but can not guarantee this price for the rest of the week.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Pure old-fashioned New York stock, six pounds for 25c
NEW NAVY SOUP BEANS—Young and tender and quick cookers; three quarts for 25c
California Raisins, nice fresh stock, three pounds for 25c
New Cleaned Currants, fresh, bright stock, per pound 10c
New California Prunes, small but sweet stock, four pounds for 25c
California Cooking Figs, the healthiest fruit known to man; 3 lbs for 25c
New Sauer Kraut, per quart 10c
Quaker Laundry Soap, 12 bars for 25c
Condensed Mince Meat, 8 packages for 25c
Bulk Mince Meat, per pound 10c
New Rolled Oats, 7 pounds for 25c
Cabbage, nice solid stock, per pound 2½c
New Candied Citron, per pound 30c
Arcade Baking Powder, per pound 10c
Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour, per package 10c
Fairbanks lard compound, per pound 10c

BUSH TEMPLE OF MUSIC

Has Been Rented by C. F. Hall and He Will Hold Service There.

Rev. C. F. Hull is sending out circulars announcing that he has rented the Bush Temple of Music, Chicago avenue and North Clark street, and will hold services there during the next few years. He announces that he wants to be there for five years, at least. He says that he expects to make the meetings cosmopolitan in character. They are going to be thoroughly orthodox and Rev. Hall says helpful in character. In a circular letter he says:

Being an enthusiastic Woodman myself, I hope to make the Temple of Music a "Woodman's Home," and write to ask you to send this letter, together with the matter complained of on the other side, at the first meeting of your camp. I am a poor man in this world's goods, my whole life having been poured out in the service of others, with little time or inclination to make money; but now I find myself in urgent need of assistance. The rent of this magnificent building will cost me $40 per Sunday, singer $10 and pipe organist $5. I shall have to spend at least $5 per week advertising. I ask no salary save what my hearers feel like throwing into the collection baskets, which I imagine will be barely sufficient to support my little family. I must have $80 a week for actual running expenses, and the first year this must come from my interested friends outside of Chicago. In view of the plan to make my work especially inviting and helpful to all visiting Woodmen, I am asking a number of camps to take up a collection for me at once and forward same to my address in enclosed envelopes. If you send $2 or upwards I will mail you a fine picture of the Temple, ready to hang.

His Hoofs.

It must occur to every honest man when he looks at his bare feet at night that great credit for his personal appearance is due to his shoes.—Atchison Globe.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Richard Delehanty of Dalton City visited J. R. Fitzgerald Sunday.

Mrs. Ed W. Larrick is very ill at her home, 1011 North Edward street.

Mrs. C. C. Clark of Chicago is the guest of Mrs. William J. Quinlan.

Fred Schlie and Will Shorb will leave today for Kentucky on a business trip.

Miss Bettie Cullen has returned home from an extended trip through northern Michigan.

Miss Rose Ruckle spent Sunday in Sullivan, the guest of Judge W. G. Cochran and family.

Truman Sellars of Newman and Miss Blanie Smith of Tuscola were guests of Miss Pearl Smith on Whitsel avenue.

Harris Maris of Mt. Zion, Mrs. John Ganley of Milmine and A. C. Rose of Garrett were visitors to Decatur Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Tinder and Miss Retta Bonifield of Danville, Ind., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. Bonifield of this city.

Cooke: "It's surprising how unpractical some men are."

Brooke: "Why, how's that?"

Cooke: "Why, there's Prof. Linguist, for example. He spent the best part of his life acquiring fluency in nine or ten different languages, and then went and married a wife who never gives him a chance to get a word in edgeways."—Tit-Bits.

Puller: "But what ought I to talk to my partner about?"

Putter: "Her splendid play, of course."

Puller: "And if she is a regular duffer?"

Putter: "Tell her what lobsters the others are."—Brooklyn Life.

"You need a vacation," said she. "Suppose we take a trip to Boston Springs?"

"Huh! That place," snorted Mr. Knotchett. "Why, that's only fit for women and fools."

"Exactly, dear. I say, let's both go there."—Philadelphia Press.